U.S. 1847-1900 MAIL, CANCELS, AND POSTAL MARKINGS

CLYDE JENNINGS

AS RECEIVED BY THE EXHIBITION PHOTOCOPY COMMITTEE OF THE

U.S. PHILATELIC CLASSICS SOCIETY, INC.

3 APRIL 1991

```
(SYNOPSIS) "U.S. 1847-1900 Mail, Cancels, & Postal Markings" (What you're about to see)
```

With the first government issued adhesive stamps in 1847 came the first authorized cancel method, a pen & ink "manuscript" type cancel, as shown on title page. From then until 1900 was a period of prolific cancels which were as varied as an ink blob to a locomotive complete with smoke and track, and as interesting as a honeycomb to the North & South shaking hands after the war - - all shown here.

Cancels range in color from black through yellow, 12 major shades, of which yellow is scarcest, of which eight are included herein.

Postal markings for every type of service, function, or condition were produced, and just about all of them are represented here.

Attention is called to the condition of the stamps/covers, plus clarity of the strikes, as well as percentage of subject included on the stamps, generally a minimum of at least 95%, a key criterion in this exhibit. None of the covers have been restored.

A complete collection of this type is of course impossible, let alone an exhibit, however, it is believed that a representative showing of every type and class of cancels is included.

Thanks to the innovative method of "slitting" these 128 pages actually contain 167 covers. Note is also made that, though the exhibit does contain a good representative showing of cancels on the five cent and and up values, so-called fancy cancels were applied primarily on first class mail which contained mainly one, cancels were applied primarily on first class mail which contained mainly one, cancels were cent values. Exception: the New York foreign mail cancels are seen two, and three cent values. Exception: the New York foreign mail cancels are seen far less frequently on the low values than on higher ones simply because of higher foreign rates than domestic.

The Waterburys, the gems of fancy cancels, are represented by no less than 73 different examples, most of the better ones of which only 3 to 5 are known. Other sources of cancels are omitted except where germane and/or contributory.

Some of the highlights herein are:	8 8
N.Y.F.M. cancel on 1869 15 cent value Stoneham, Mass, Skull & Crossbones on cover	13
Nashotah, Wis, year date story Guy's Mills, Pa, stenciled cancel, possibly unique Boston, Mass, "Eagle & Thunderbolt" machine cancel, one of 4 known Jarrett & Palmer, "Fast Mail 84 Hours", only two reported	8 12 7
Slave Mail Research shown on two "N.Y. Steamship" cancels Two Hebrew cancels, "Lord", and Chanukah Menorah KKK cancels: Sword, Klan Hood, Skull & Crossbones KKK cancels: Sword, Klan Hood, Skull & Crossbones	14 6 2
waterbury "Running Chicken", linest known of a straight a strike	
or the second of	6 - 15
Two earliest "Fancy Cancels", on Covers, St. and Binghamton, N.Y "Herringbone"	? ?
Write Cure II precancel: and Pool Table	7
Diamond Rubber Co. logo canceller on cover	7
"USED & DONE FOR" on 1851 three cent "PAID 3" in shield with stars, possibly unique	7 . 1
na - Lilla Baad amafila an cavar. W. Callion I version in the second second second second second second second	7 1 8
Negative head profile on consideration N.Y. with PFC's	0

8

8

Two hand drawn cancels, Tioga Centre, N.Y., with PFC's

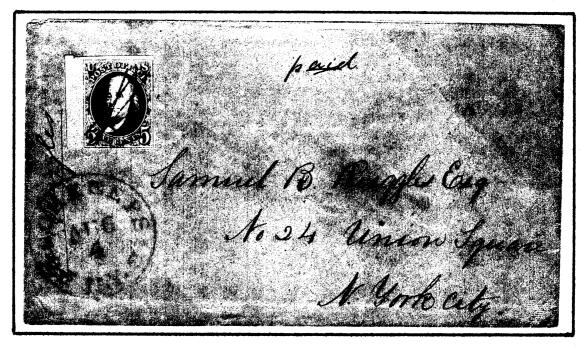
Frame 1, page 8; Frame 3, page 1; Frame 4, page 14

Cover with "Split Union

Union Soldier's Cap, on cover, with PFC Three magnificent 4 margin 5 cent 1847's:

U.S. 1847-1900 MAIL, CANCELS, and POSTAL MARKINGS

A showing of some of the more unusual and outstanding examples. The original concept of cancels was to prevent re-use of adhesive stamps and the first officially authorized type of obliteration was pen and ink, often referred to as "manuscript".



1847 issue

First U.S. government adhesive postage stamp, with manuscript cancel

As postmasters' imaginations became piqued, many innovative forms of defacing stamps evolved, a number of which are shown here.

COLORS

Commonest color inks employed were red and blue, but others were also used including many shades. At least one each of the major recognized colors is shown including eight yellow the scarcest of all.



Yellow - - -

Created from cork, other woods, or metal.















































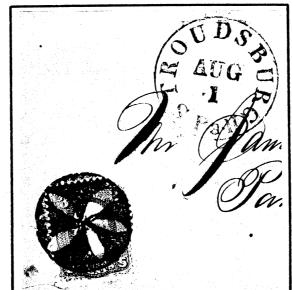






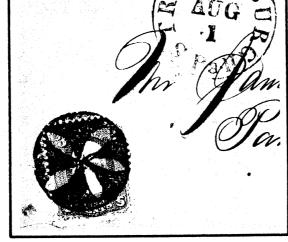


















































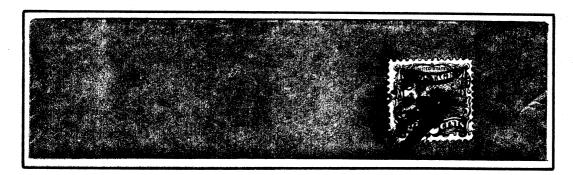


















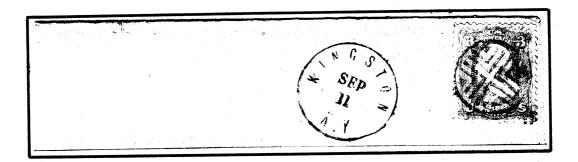












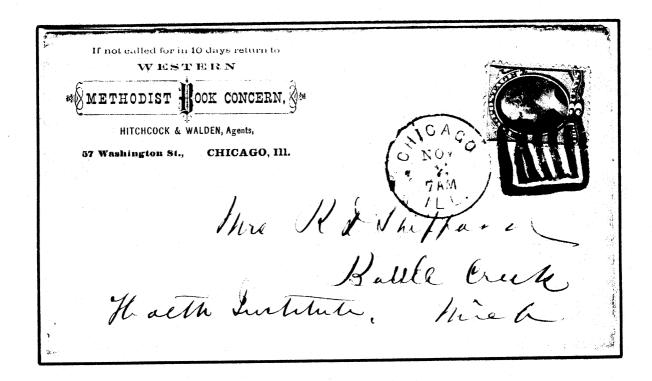






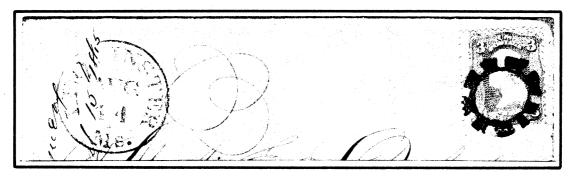


















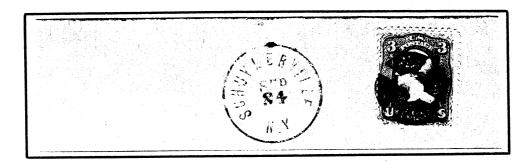






















CARETS
Circle of triangles















Also a basic geometric form, and undoubtedly the most prolifically produced of all cancellers, in a myriad of formats.









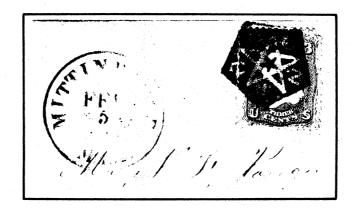








































































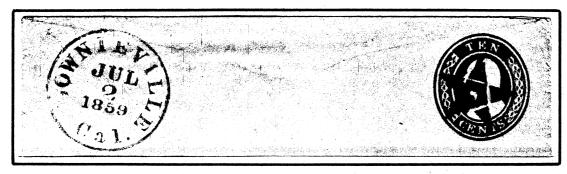












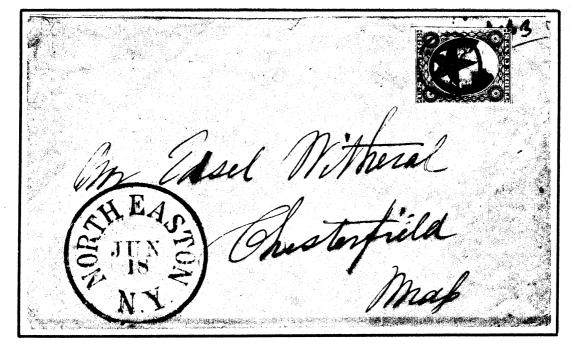






















STARS

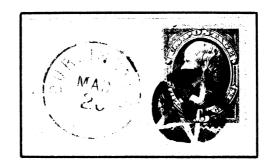




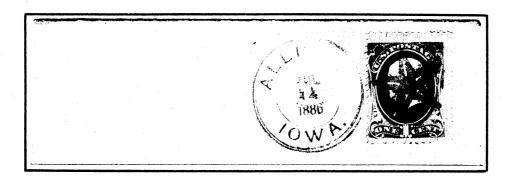




























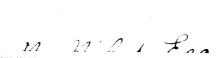














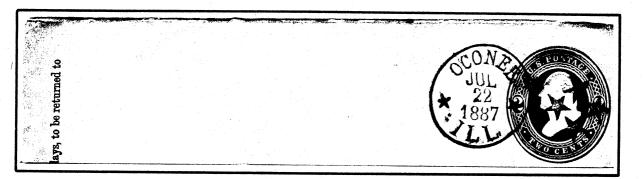














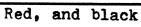






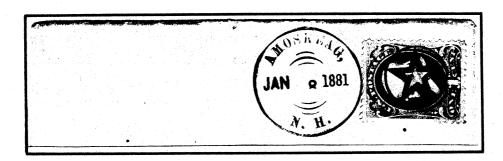


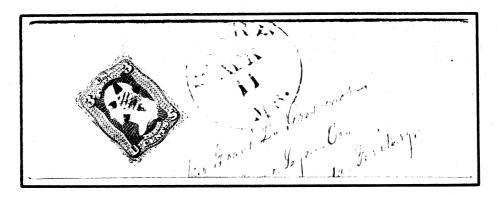




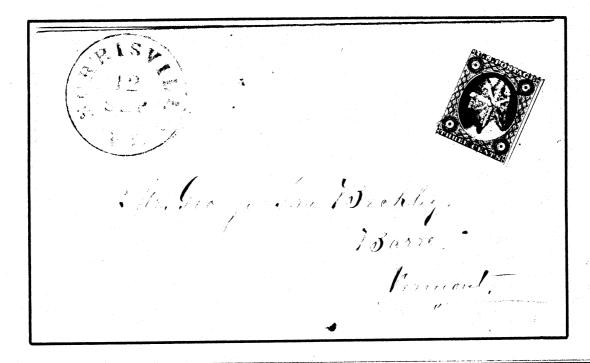








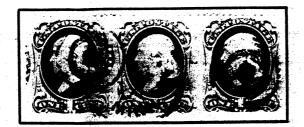
Han. I. Bowditch Esq. Marings Sharon Springs



TARGETS, or BULLS' EYES

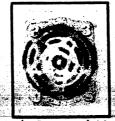
Another common, fairly frequently seen, format - these examples are all particularly well struck "on-the-nose".







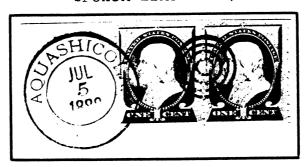






(also with broken line star)





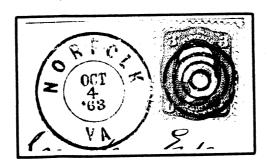














GRIDS

Seen with varying numbers of bars, in different shapes, open and closed, and in many colors and sizes.







Round





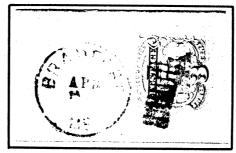












Ladder



Pentagonal





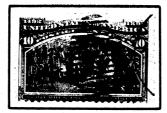




Triangular







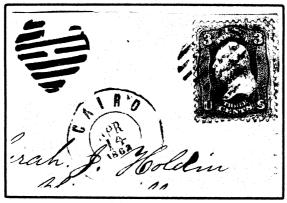




Oval

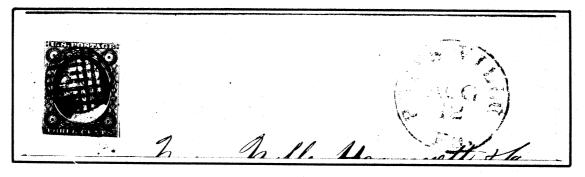
GRIDS







Heart







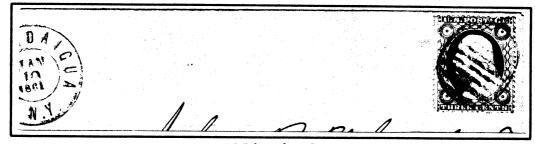








Crosshatch



Elliptical











Square

Barre 1

Rectangular

CROSSROADS

Not always just a simple "X"



Note partial row of diagonal perforations

































MALTESE CROSSES

Simple to design, these show up in many sizes, forms, and colors.







"JACK'S REEF, N.Y."
"1883"

































MALTESE CROSSES

















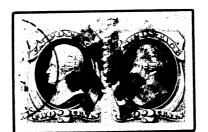














SHIELDS

Known in many colors, shapes, and designs including some with names, multiple stars, bars, dates, and rays.



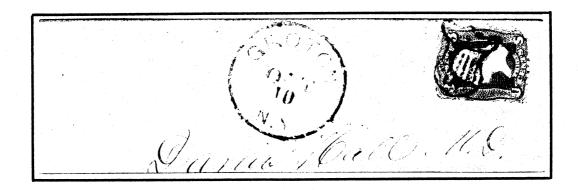


























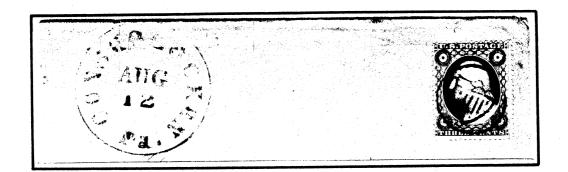
SHIELDS



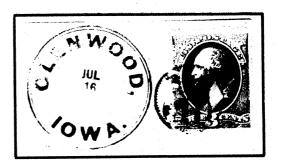
























SHIELDS

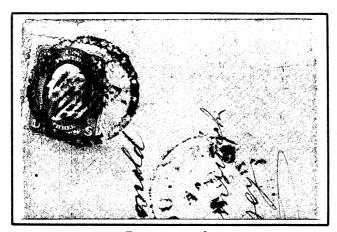


"U S" (Cheyenne, Dakota Ter., now Wyoming)

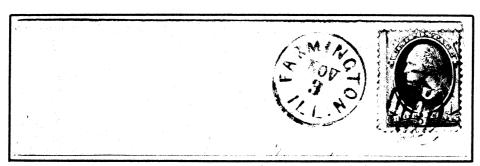








In a chain



Negative "U S" (in reverse)







ANCHORS

A popular subject, raising the possibility some postmasters may have followed the sea at one time in their lives.

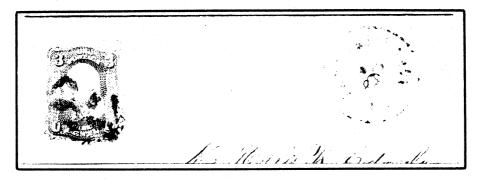








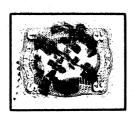












Double



PINWHEELS

The pinwheel was the favorite of many postmasters who used it in a large number of varying formats, sizes, and colors.















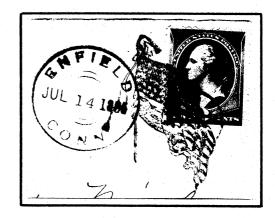




FLAGS

Many felt that a visual show of patriotism was most appropriate.









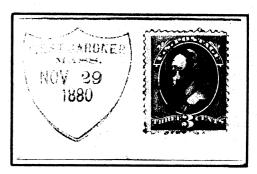


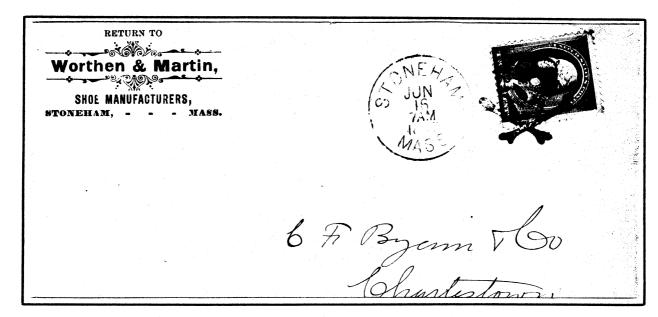
SKULL & CROSSBONES

A gruesome subject, true, but one which often found great favor.









TEENIE WEENIES

Cancels were intended to prevent re-use of stamps, and many achieved this by overkill as see top row examples. However, some few postmasters had an esthetic sense of neatness.



























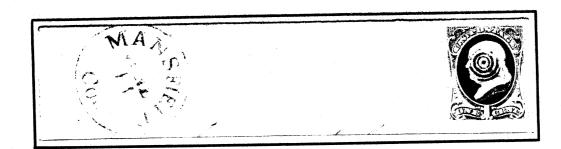








TEENIE WEENIES













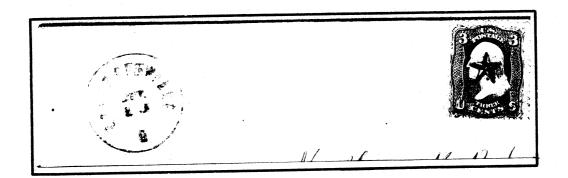






















NUMERALS

Discontinued postal rate markers were sometimes pressed into service by postmasters.

















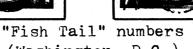
NUMBERS

Figures such as these designated in some cases branch offices and in others individual clerks for accountability purposes



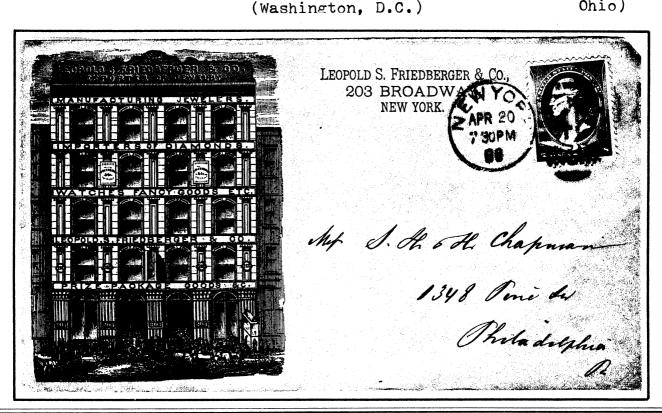








(Cincinnati, Ohio)



YEAR DATES

A timely concept, and some had special connotations.







1885 in a cross



1897

These commemorated the Centennial year of 1876.



76



U S 76



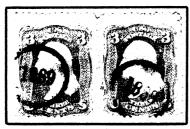
In Liberty Bell



In a shield



In an apple



1869



1870



1871



1872

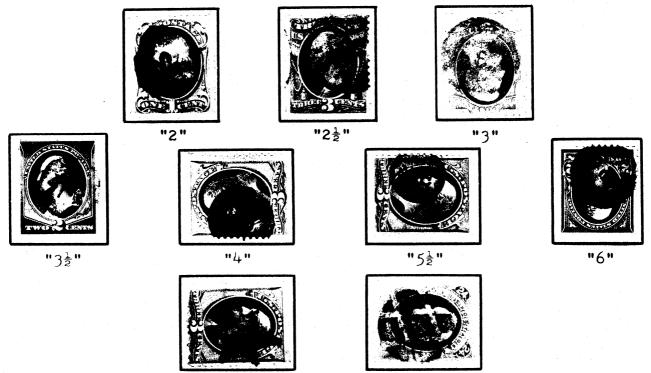


1873

In 1869 the Nashotah, Wis, postmaster carved a year date canceller, repeated the process through 1873. However, in 1871 he only altered the "0" from the previous year to make a "1", albeit a slightly curved one.

BOTTLE STOPPERS

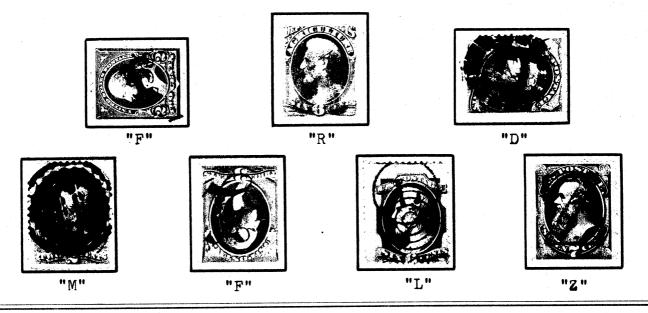
Rubber stoppers for bottles made handy cancellers. Sizes are as indicated, but all are in mirror, or reversed, image.



These normally round size 3's have been cut into a 6-point star and a crisscross design

LETTERS

All letters of the alphabet are known to exist postally used, and these are some of the more outstanding.



MULTIPLE LETTERS

Combinations of letters denoting individuals, messages, locations, organizations, plus other subjects.



"G. O. P." (Grand Old Party?)



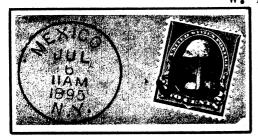
Negative "OK" (in a keystone)



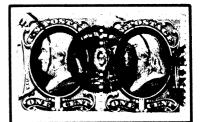
(Leonard Buckland, P.M., W. Hartford, Conn)



"ST" (Stage) (Lakeport, Calif.)



"J E B" (P.M.'s initials)



Negative "P O D" (Post Office Dept)



"LOV & X's" (Love & kisses)



(Don't use 'em the stamps - again)



"C D" (City Delivery)



"P 0" (Post Office)





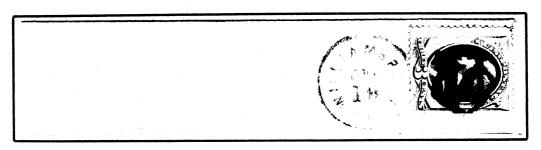
"J. D. V." (J.D. Vail, P.M.)



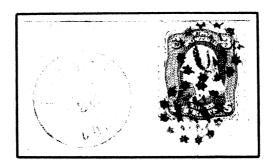
"LOV" (Love)

Many postmasters remembered their country with a variety of forms of the first letters of "United States",

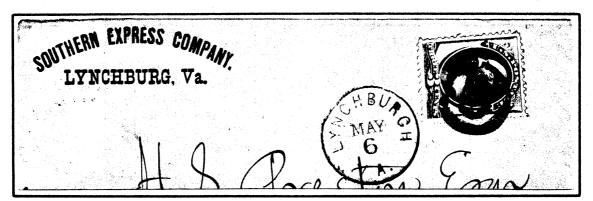












- - - and a further refinement was a stylized "U S MAIL".







"PAID"

An apt format to show postage fees paid.



(negative)





达

"U S PAID"













"PAID ALL"



In a flag



In an octagon

















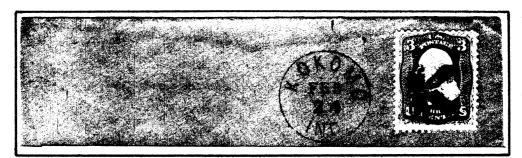




- "PAID 3" -

LETTER(S) DENOTING CITY of ORIGIN

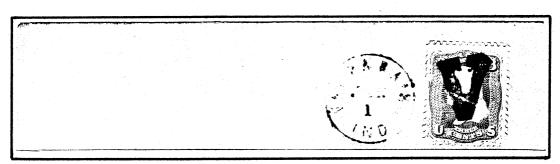
Some postmasters chose to pinpoint their cities by the use of indigenous letters as cancellers.



"K" (Kokomo, Ind.)



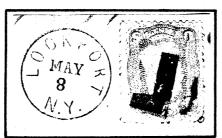
"S S" (Sing Sing, N.Y.)



"V" (Valparaiso, Ind.)



(Rockville, Conn.)



"L" (in reverse) (Lockport, N.Y.)



(Ridgefield, Conn.)

LETTER(S) DENOTING CITY of ORIGIN





"T"
(Titusville, Pa.)

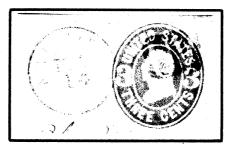




"M B"
(Mystic Bridge, Conn.)



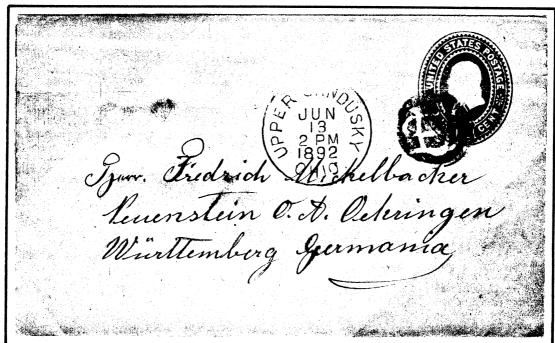
"O F" (Oxford Furnace, N.J.)



Negative "U V" (University of Virginia)

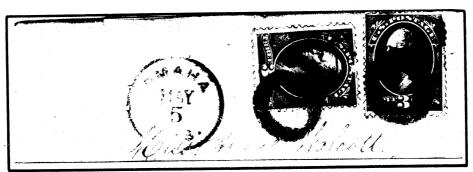


"G" (Galesburg, Ill.)

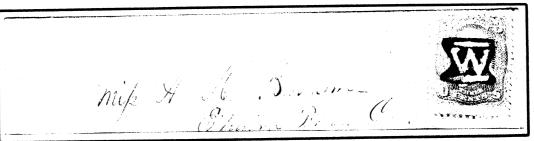


Entwined "U S" (Upper Sandusky, Ohio)

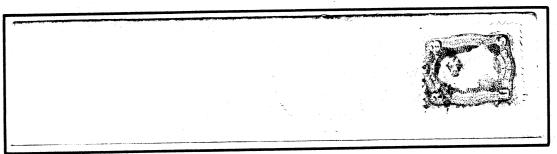
LETTER(S) DENOTING CITY OF ORIGIN



"0" (Omaha, Neb.)



"W" in anvil (Winchester, Conn.)



Segmented "W" (Westfield, Mass.)



Negative "VT" (Chester, Vt.)



"W E, N J"
(West End, N.J.)

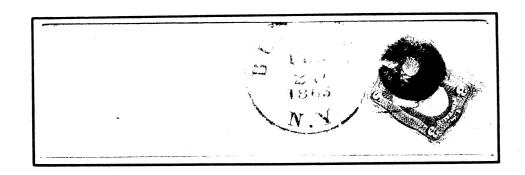


"H P"
(High Point, N.C.)

PATENT PUNCH CANCELLERS

To thwart those who would clean the cancel from a stamp to re-use it, cancelling devices were developed and patented which punched holes in the face of stamps so the ink would soak in quite thoroughly, making cleaning more difficult.

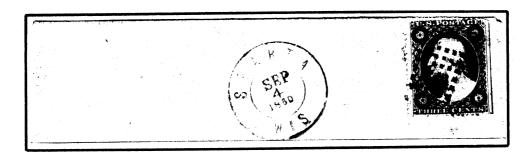


















EXPERIMENTAL CANCELS

Trial Color Proofs

Geometric

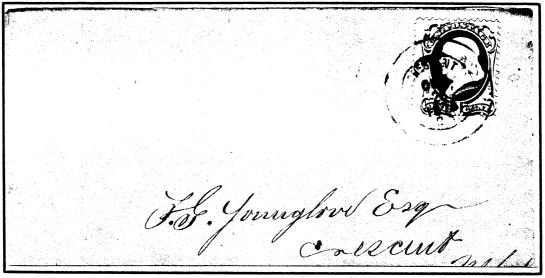


Light blue print on India paper

Pinwheel



Black print on white wove paper



"CRESCENT/OCT/26/1875/N.Y." (all in center of double circle postmark)

PRIVATE REVENUE HANDSTAMPS

Postmasters were not always the only ones to cancel regular postage stamps. Sometimes these stamps doubled in the absence of Revenue stamps and were cancelled by lawyers, court clerks & others.



"S. MICHELERA"



"MOFFITT - WEST DRUG CO."





"DODGE & CO."



"SWETT QUIMBY STOVE WORKS" "COUNTY NATIONAL BANK"



PRECANCELS

Where huge volumes of mail were deposited by single mailers stamps were cancelled in advance to save handling time.



Weston, Mass.



Glastenbury, Conn.



Bridgeport, Conn.



New York,





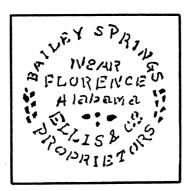




Used in Glen Allen, Va., by Cussons, May & Co., Druggists' Printers. Black is commonest, red is next, while green and the small black star are infrequently seen.

STENCIL CANCELS



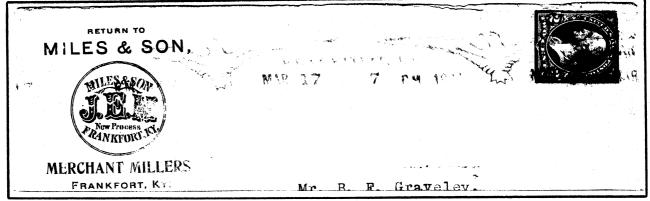




At left: "Bailey Springs, near Florence, Alabama, Ellis & Co. Proprietors". A spa on Shoals Creek, circa 1845-60, still in existence in 1964 as an aquatic club. At right: "Guy's Mills, Pa." (May be unique).

EARLY MACHINE CANCELS

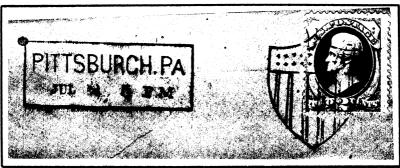
Early rapid machine cancels, introduced in Boston in the 1880-1890 period, were unusual for that time.



Eagle. Milam & Holmes Co.



Tilton patent N.Y. City. Buffalo

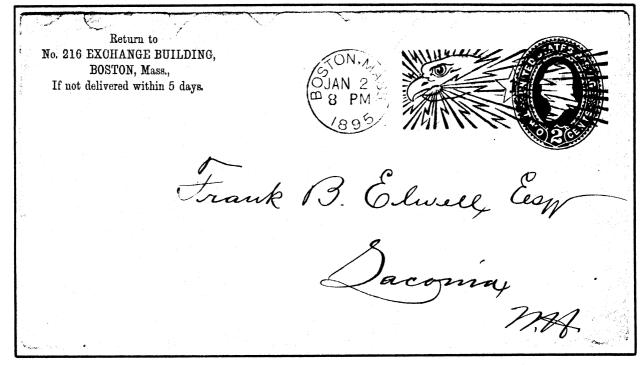


Shield Goff & Hursey Co.



Geometric
Leavitt Machine Co.
Boston, Mass.

In use only one day, four covers reported



Eagle and Thunderbolt American Postal Machines Co.

EARLY MACHINE CANCELS

Extraneous mark in straight line cancel due to faulty equipment.





Circle is the head of a loose screw in the cancelling machine

ALTERED CANCELLER

Rate marker "5" canceller, similar to one shown, cut down to produce a "C", to indicate use at Cecilton, Md., postoffice.

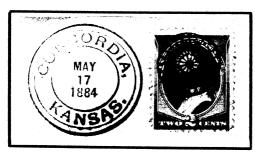


To indicate a "5 cent" rate

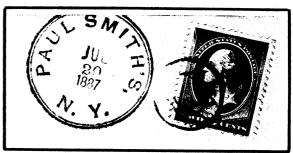


COMMERCIALLY PRODUCED CANCELLERS

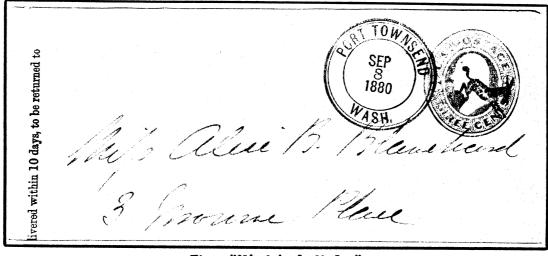
Duplex cancellers (city, date, state, plus a "killer") were available in a number of designs to postmasters whose annual volume of business did not warrant the government's furnishing them to the office.



Wheel of Fortune



"P 0 D" (Post Office Dept.)



The "Kickin' Mule"

DOLLARS & CENTS

Cleverly conceived cancelling symbols, but not necessarily indicative of postage rates, or amounts received from mailers.







(British Post Due)









Mail travel by rail can be identified by the markings.

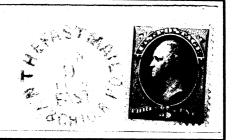


Reverse "N" for Northbound



Negative "W" for Westbound

GIRVAN HOUSE LITTLE FALLS, N. Y. J. E. LASHER.



"EAST" by "THE FAST MAIL"

W. B. OGDEN,

GREEN GROGER,

CLEARFIELD, PA.

Return if not Delivered in 5 Days.



"SOUTH" for Southbound



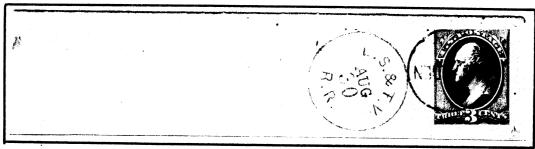
Louisville & Nashville R.R.



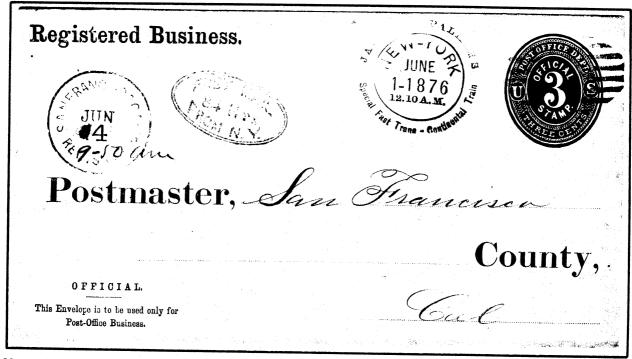
POTOMAC POSTAL CARS



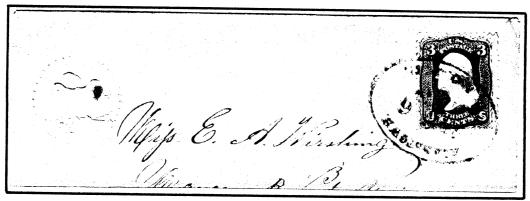
St. Paul & Minot R.R. Night Line



"L. S. & T. V. R. R." (Lake Shore & Tuscaranas Valley Rail-road). Killer, "S. S. ALDEN", is route agent's name stamp.



Myer machine cancel, one of only 6-7 reported, "JARRETT & PALMER'S Special Fast Trans - Continental Train, June 1, 1876, 12:10 A.M.", used this trip only. Run was from New York to San Francisco, via Philadelphia to pick up an operatic group from Centennial Exposition. "FAST MAIL, 84 Hrs, FROM N.Y." is one of but two known.



"ADAMSTOWN B. & O. R. R." (Maryland). A route agent marking "cancelled on the cars". Note: stamp is seldom seen brown shade.



"TRAIN LATE"



N. Y. MIDLAND RAILROAD WINTERTOWN



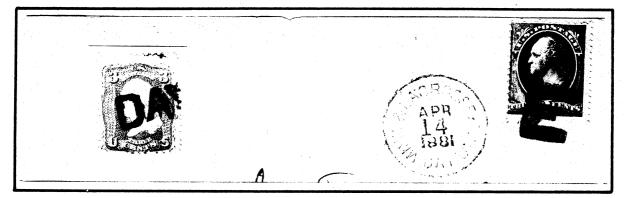
UNION PACIFIC



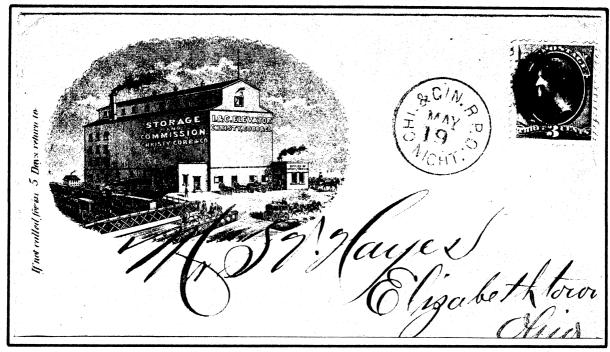
Train 16 West



MONTREAL R. ROAD



"DAY"



"NIGHT"





Railroad station cancels, showing the warp and weave of the cloth used on these station masters' ticket cancellers.



Originated in Reading, Pa., "Dispatched" from Philadelphia



"2:40 P M"



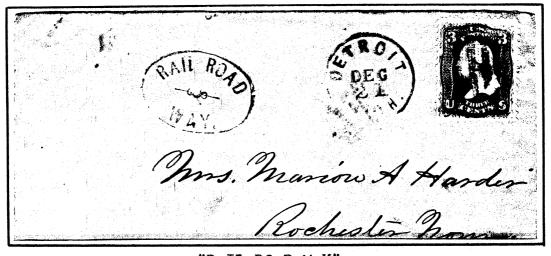
"N & W" (Norwich & Worcester R.R.)



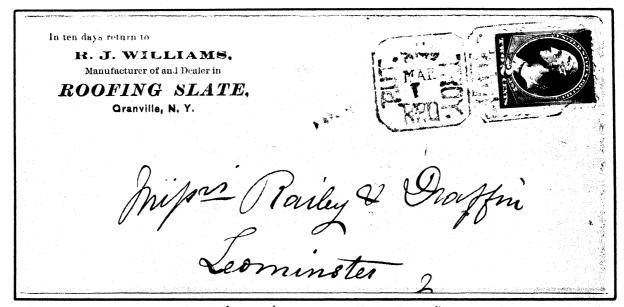
"5 P.M."



"11 A M"



"RAIL ROAD WAY"



"RUT(LAND) AND TROY R.P.O."



"CHICAGO & DUN(LITH) R.P.O.", to Canada



"CHI.& T. HAUTE, AGT."



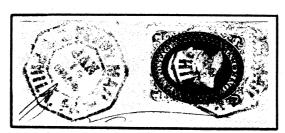
"PATTERSON CREEK, B & O R.R."

CARRIERS

Indicates delivery of mail by U.S. government carrier from post-office to the addressee who paid the fee. A practice recognized by an Act of March 3, 1825, and continued until July 1, 1863, when free delivery to all became routine.



St. Louis boxed "lc"



Philadelphia "PENNY MAIL"



New York



New York



Boston



Chicago

REGISTERED

Official "Registration" mail, begun in the U.S. on July i, 1855 was often indicated by use of only the letter "R", but not always



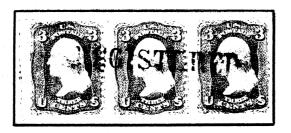
(Re-issue)



(not often seen)

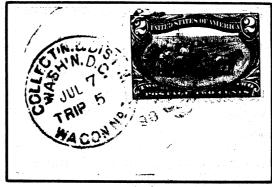






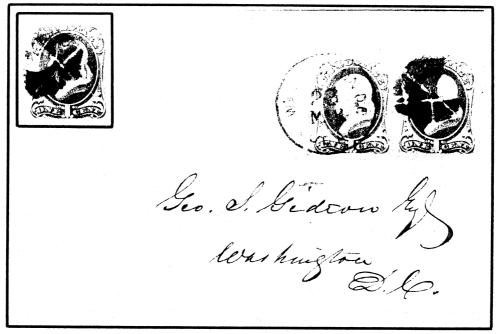


LOCAL PICK UP and DELIVERY in WASHINGTON, D.C.



"WAGON NO.(?), TRIP 5"

Used on mail collected and distributed by wagon, a system also used in Buffalo and New York City, and a forerunner of street car mail.



Type cancel used on mail posted for delivery in the city about 1874. Earlier, "Local" was not included, and by 1875 the cork "killer" had become a propellor type. In 1878 the ink was changed to purple, and in 1880 the "Local" was dropped.

COLLECTION & DISTRIBUTION of MAIL by STREET CAR in BALTIMORE, MD.

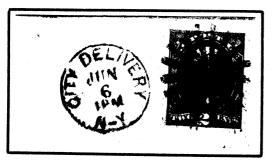


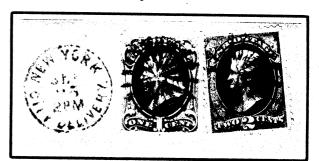


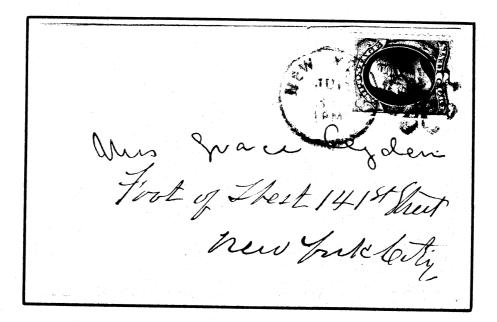
"CAR. 1" (discovery copy) very early provisional in use only a few days. "CAR 2" likely Arlington & So. Baltimore route.

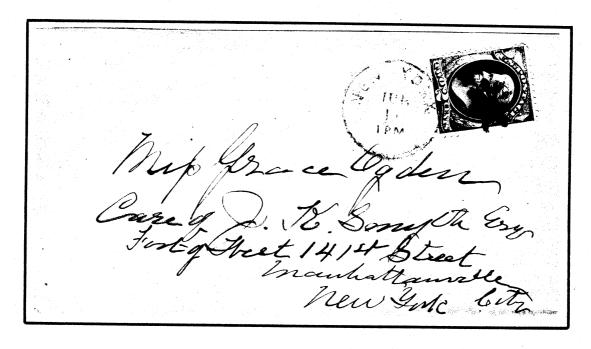
LOCAL PICK UP and DELIVERY in NEW YORK CITY

Smaller versions of some of the foreign mail type cancels were applied to mail posted in the city for delivery therein.









ATTRITION

Wood and cork from which cancellers of the mid to late 1800's were carved tended to wear poorly, sometimes even breaking.

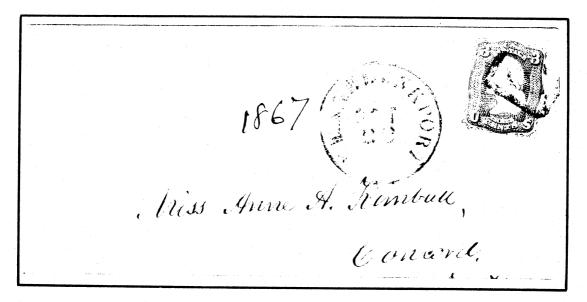


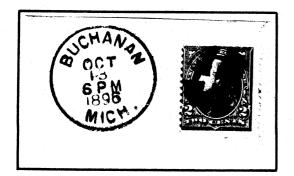


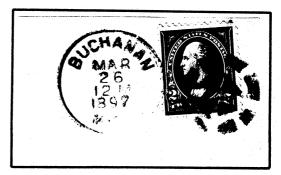


Candle flame

At center above is example of canceller when almost new. At sides are varying degrees of wear from continued daily use, while cover shows canceller almost completely worn out.







Apparently between October, 1896, and March, 1897, the cross roads canceller at left wore out, So, likely from his ubiquitous broom handle, the postmaster carved a new one, albeit a bit more ornate this time.

TERRITORIALS

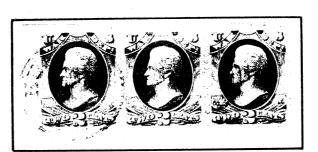
Before joining the Union and becoming a state, many geographic locations functioned as Territories, and their cancels so indicated.



Nevada Territory (Joined Union October 31, 1864)



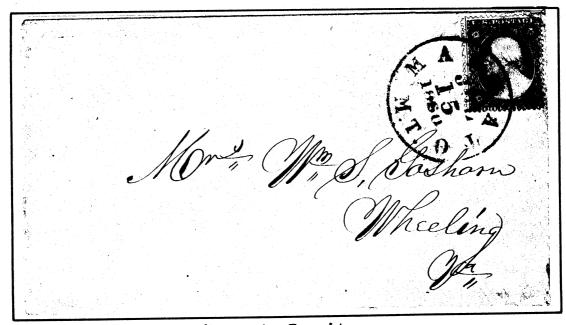
Wyoming Territory



Arizona Territory



Indian Territory



Minnesota Territory
(Still in use after joining Union May 11, 1858)
(Wheeling is now in West Virginia)

REGISTRY TRANSIT MARKINGS

These were applied by Registry sections as a control marking on the back of mail coming in to New York City. Part of postage was sometimes used on envelope backs as a security sealer in lieu of wax and received these control markings.

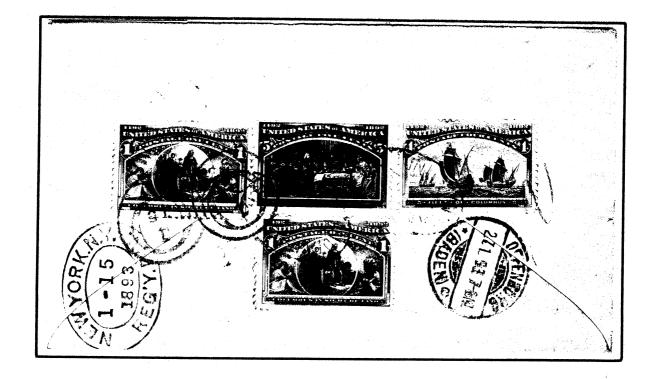






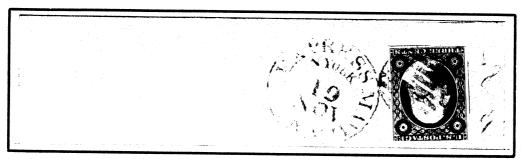




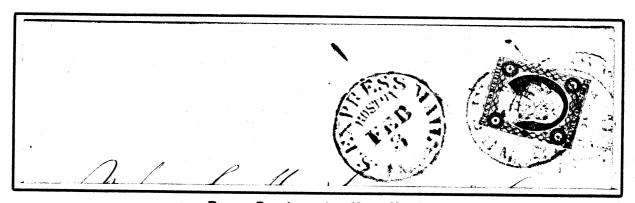


U. S. EXPRESS MAIL

Applied to mail carried by special stage coach service between New York and Boston, the country's busiest business corridor. Boxes were designated for deposit of this mostly business oriented mail for which no surcharge was required as these stages also carried freight and passengers.



From New York to Boston (not common in red)



From Boston to New York

WELLS, FARGO & CO. EXPRESS

This firm conducted stage, express, and freight business in the western part of the U.S. and applied its own cancels.



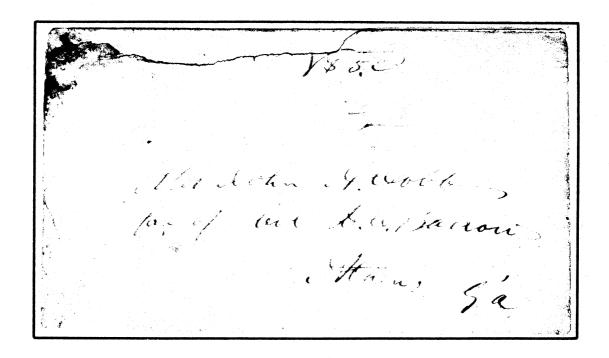
San Francisco





Used from Victoria, British Columbia (superimposed over photo)

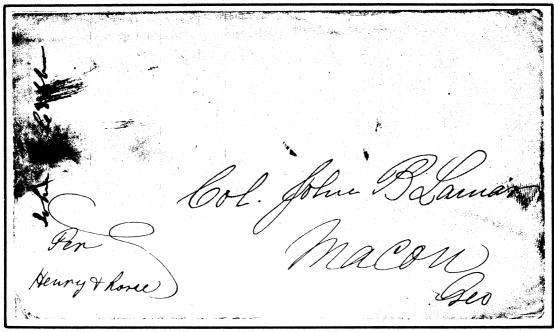
Late in the Civil War the Confederate postal system began to disintegrate, becoming progressively less reliable. Consequently the private Express Carriers thrived, though they could handle only "Money Letters" which, though they might not contain money, could have a value declared and thus circumvent the postal system which prohibited their carrying any First Class mail. The 1861 Express Carrier rates were as low as .25, however by 1865 had reached in some cases as high as \$10.



Marked "Express" this envelope had a declared value "V \$5.00"

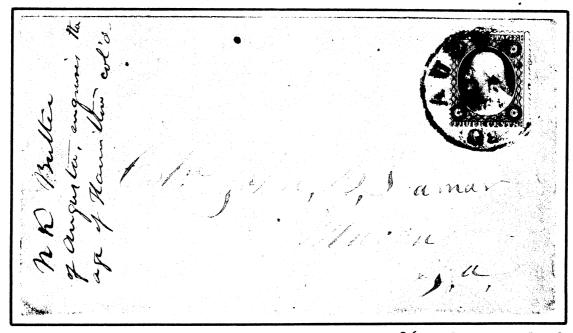
SLAVE MAIL

Mail carried by a slave from one plantation to another.



From John A. Cobb to his uncle, Col. John B. Lamar. Carried by a slave named Henry ("Per Henry & horse"), "horse" included to attest to the fact the slave was not escaping with a stolen animal.

INDEPENDENT STATEHOOD



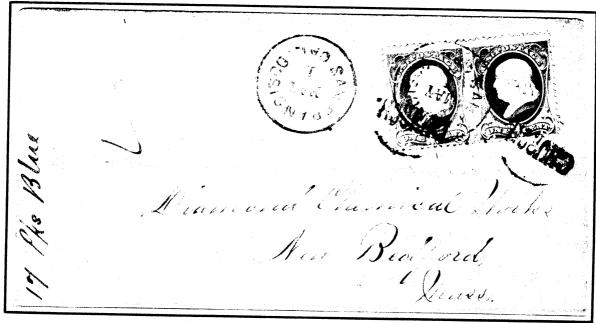
Georgia seceded from the Union January 19, 1861. The new Confederate government was formed February 4, 1861, with Georgia as one of the original 7 states. This was mailed January 25, 1861, during the mere 16 days of Georgia's independent statehood.

UNOFFICIAL MARKINGS

Applied by business firms/government offices, but often confused with official mail service markings which follow this category.



Postulation: overweight set of documents received this marking at Patent Office. No postal marking on stamp indicates possible hand delivery by D.C. attorney so as to accept his fee from inventor.



"CHURCH"

Common practice was to sell by group subscription at a discount, the postage being lower if sent in one box. Annotation indicates 17 packages of blue chemical ordered by a church group, as noted at left.



"ATTENTATION"



"CASH'



"IN ARREARS



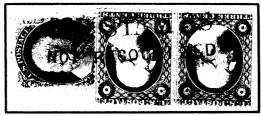
"R正CEIVED"



"NIGHT SORTING SERVICE"

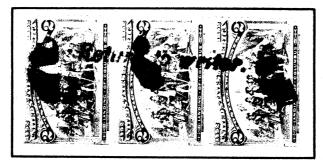
Probably used by an outside firm doing night time mail sorting so it will be ready for processing when the work day begins.

Used to indicate a condition, description, situation, or problem pertinent to the handling and servicing of mail.



"OLD STAMPS NOT RECOGNIZED"

Issues prior to 1861 demonetized and no longer valid for postage with advent of Civil War



"Return to writer"



"POST OFFICE BUSINESS FREE"



Provisional Postage Due Used in Detroit, Michigan, for 7 days only.



"CIRCULARS"



"Short Paid"



"CANCELLED"



7 bar grid, first official cancelling device (Boston Penny Post Local)



"VIA NICARAGUA

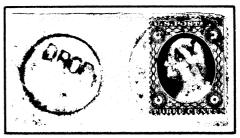


"T" in circle AHEAD OF THE MAILS" (foreign postage due)





"DROP 1 ct"



"DROP"



"MAIL ROUTE" Coastal mail New Orleans to Charleston and Savannah, circa 1849-51



"U.S. SENATE POST OFFICE"



Etoille Muette (French: "Mute Star")

Used in Paris, 1852-1907, on outgoing mail. Possible letter received uncancelled, so applied to "kill" the U.S. stamp.



"INSUFFICIENT PAID"



"HELD FOR POSTAGE"



"UNCLAIMED"



"FORWARDED"



"FORFIGN"



"FREE"



"THIRD CLASS"



"4th CLASS MATTER"



Two slugs, no date 4th Class Mail



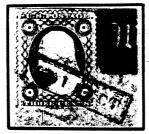
Pointing hand (Return to sender)



"REC'D. in BOSTON, MASS."



At time this stamp was current, Special Delivery letters required a receipt signature. When unable to deliver, notice was left for recipient to pick up as fee covered one delivery only. Balance of this cancel probably read, ("Returned to office by carrier) No. 3" and a date. This identified the carrier so he could be confronted should the recipient complain about non-delivery.



"COLLECT'



"MISSENT"



Anchor in diamond of dots French ship marking



"AMERICA UBER BREMEN FRANCO"
Prepaid mail from US via Bremen



General Banks Division, Field Post Office of Union general



"BAJA, 30 ENE 99"

Old Spanish canceler saw limited use in Puerto Rico during American occupation; "ENE" abbreviation for "ENERO" (January).



"EMERGENCY STAMP"

Early usage by Railway Mail Service when regular canceler missing due to wreck, flood, lost, strayed, stolen, or absent clerk.



"P. D" (2nd period missing)
"PAID TO DESTINATION". U.P.U. marking per French Treaty Port such as Bordeaux, later Hamburg when Germany adopted treaty.



From Boston, Mass, generally seen on two cent value since used as a local rate cancel.



Detroit parcel post clerk identification number, believed to exist through number 6. Generally seen on values above three cents, commonest on six and ten. Same type marking known from Chicago and Philadelphia. Occasioned by the presence of large mail order firms in area. (Philadelphia being National Bella Hesse, a seed merchant).



"NEW YORK DIRECT TRANSIT"

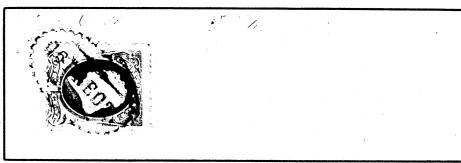


"INQUIRY DIVISION"



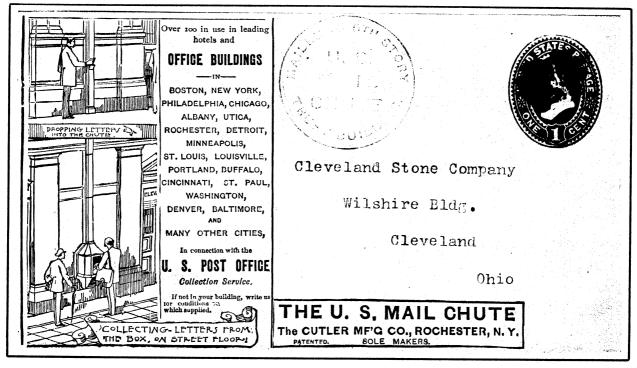
"USED"

"CORRECT"

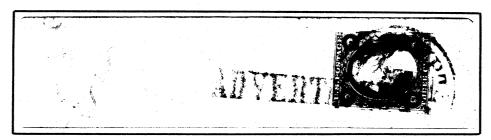


Rubber stamp used by R.P.O. clerks in 1970's. A route slip accompanied each Registry mail bag showing contents. When bag passed from one clerk's tour on to the next, receiving clerk opened bag, verified contents and, if as stated, stamped with his "CORRECT" marker. Seldom seen on postal items, but when applied usually due to oversight or carelessness.

The Mail Chute



"ADVERTISED"



Mail sent to a post office was held for a period of time for addressee to pick up. When this period passed a local ad was run for addressee. If still uncalled for, letter was sent to Dead Letter Office if no outside return address present.

WHIMSICAL

With the frustrations attendant to a postmaster's job, there must have been times when a sense of humor did help.



Spook



"We're Number 1"!



Commode seat (Pot(!)tstown, Pa)



Black eye!



Framed



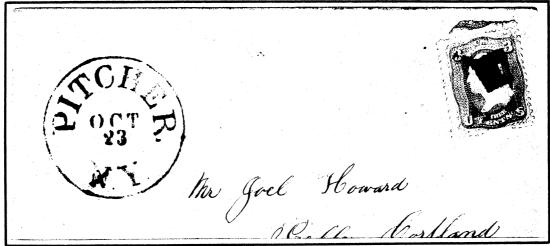
Peek-a-boo



Thumb print



Monocle!



Watering can, from Pitcher, N.Y.

NEW YORK FOREIGN MAIL

Applied to mail originating in New York City during period 1870-76 destined for abroad, except for Canada, and processed through the Port of N.Y. Over 156 distinctive designs were used, most all in intricate geometrics. All values of the large Bank Note issues of the 1870's are known thus cancelled, and one of each is shown.



























SHIP

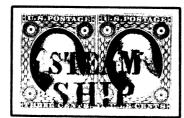
Markings which by their nature clearly indicate water travel.



"Ripley, Purser" indicates revenue use on a document while aboard ship.



"STEAMER"



"STEAM SHIP"

"SHIP"



"PAQUE BOT"



Mail from Japan



Not from Japan



"2 cts."
(Troy & N.Y.)



"STEAM 5" (Mobile, Ala.)



"TROY & NEW YORK STEAM BOAT"



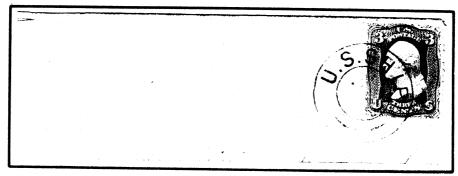
"PAC. STEAM WHALING CO. Stmr. NEWPORT"



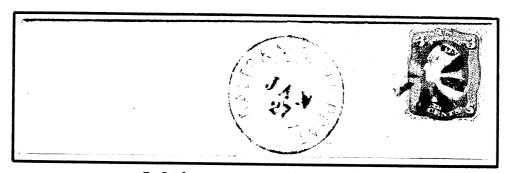
"DETROIT AND ALGONAC"
("S" for South sailing)



Baltimore Foreign Mail (used less than 3 months)



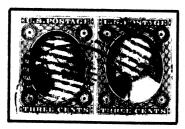
U. S. SHIP



Baltimore & Norfolk Boat



Weekly Packet "ST. NICHOLAS"





Ocean Mail (small 6-bar open grid; uncommon in red)

SUPPLEMENTARY MAIL MARKING

A marking used in New York to evidence late mailings (up to about one hour before sailing time) on foreign bound letters deposited on wharves or at certain General Post Offices.







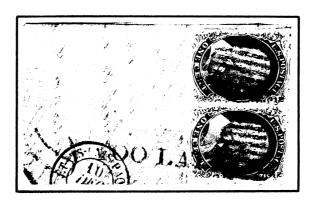
The normal postage rate was doubled for this service, so the three cent value is seldom seen thus cancelled.

Missed the Boat

These marks indicate the sailing date was missed, so letters were put aboard the next available outward bound ship.



"ARRIVED LATE"



"TOO LATE"

Letter originated in New Orleans (per cancel on back) bound for Europe, evidenced by French receiving mark "Etats-Unis", and routed to New York for a specific ship's sailing date.

"NEW YORK STEAMSHIP"

The United States and Brazil Steamship Co. was the regularly scheduled contract carrier to and from Brazil via St. Thomas and stamps of the U S were applied in St. Thomas on mail destined for N.Y. and cancelled there on date the ship docked.



The letter bearing this stamp was carried by the Merrimack and arrived in 1869 or 1871. (Arrival date in 1870 was June 20th). The contract rate was 10 cents per half ounce.



During the period 1870-71 none of the above contract carrier's ships docked in N.Y. on March 31, because arrivals every month were on the 19th, 20th, or 21st. (The year could not have been 1869 inasmuch as this 10 cent value was issued April 1, 1869). Therefore arrival was by non-contract carrier, and could well have even been one of the Pacific Mail Steamship Line vessels coming into N.Y. out of Vera Cruz, Mexico.

POSTED ABOARD SHIPS

Many passenger lines, with crew personnel assigned postal duties, accepted and cancelled mail posted on board to be routed on at the next port of call.



"U.S. GERMAN SEA P.O."

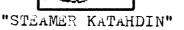




"S.S. GEORGIA"









POSTED ABROAD or in U. S. PROTECTORATES

The U.S. had postal agencies at many locations around the world at which mail back to the States could be deposited.



Japan



Yokohama

Canada



Windsor Mills, Quebec

England



Southampton Packet Letter

Guam



Agana

Alaska



Cavite, Philippine Islands



Hong Kong



Singapore



Manzanillo, Cuba



Santiago, Cuba

China



China



Shanghai



Mil. Sta. No. 1 Manila, Phil. Islands

Hawaii



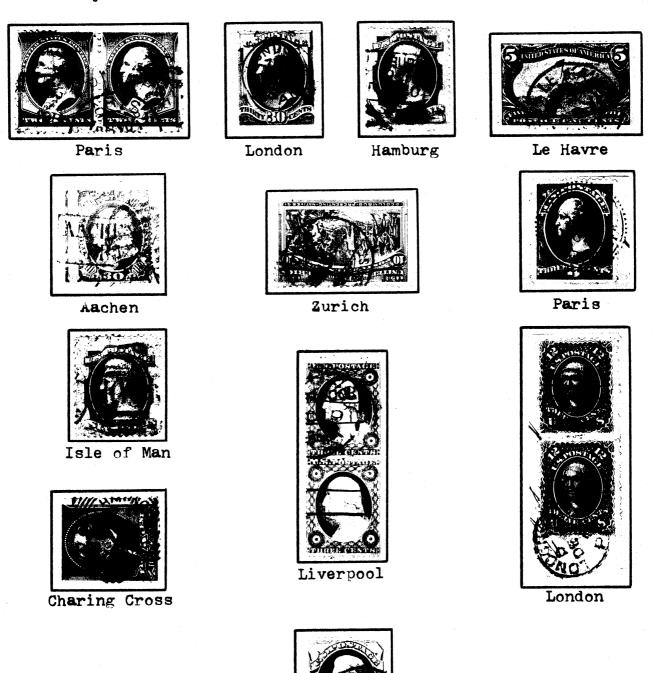
Mau



Oahu

FOREIGN TRANSIT & RECEIVING MARKS

Mail leaving the U.S. for foreign countries was struck with a "Receiving Mark" upon arriving in the next country, which may or may not have been the ultimate destination of the letter.



This receiving mark, applied at Christiania, Norway, and often called the "Swiss Bridge" cancel, was apparently placed right on the stamp in order to "kill" it since the original purple cancel is barely visible.

ANIMALS

The world of nature presented a deady source for the more talented postmasters to carve their own versions of many of the world's recognizable animals - - - -



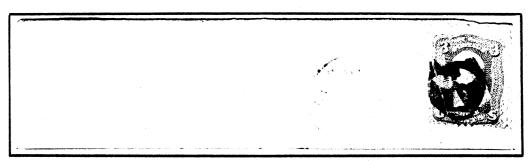
Rabbit



Running fox



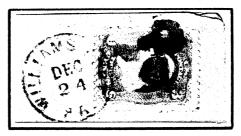
Mule



Cat



Dog



Dog's head



Jackass

5 days, return to TIZENS BANK, NDERSON, N. C.





h INDIA

Horse head



Mongoose



Leaping stags



ANIMALS



Deer head



Hog's head





Horse heads





Running stag



Moose head



Elephant



Pig



Kickin' mule



Dinosaur

BIRDS

--- and its flying creatures ----



Black bird



Blue bird



Red bird



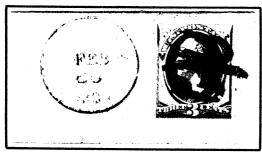
Eagle



Bird in flight



Screaming eagle



Swallow



Swan



Eagle



Bird in nest



Duck's head



Setting hens



Hen

INSECTS

--- as well as smaller flying forms ----











Butterflies

Moth

Dragonflies











Moth

Bumblebees - -

"Shoo fly"

SEA CREATURES

- - - including, also, inhabitants of the deep - - - -



Whale







Turtles



Octopus



Sea shell



Sea spider



Sea shell

FLORA

- while not forgetting the plant life that abounds - .



Rose



Negative long stem flower



Tulip



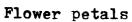






Three leaf clovers







Mushrooms





Flower petals





Shamrocks

TREES

some of which attain the size of trees -









LEAVES

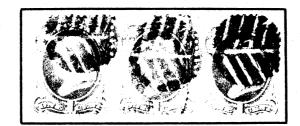
- - - and, of course, trees and plants do have leaves - - - -























WORLD GLOBES

- - - - which is true all over the world.



With longitudinal lines





RELIGIONS

Some of the different faiths came in for a share of recognition. Christian



Open Bible



Preacher in pulpit



Open Bible







Crosses





Jewish



The word "Lord" in Hebrew



8 prong Chanukah menorah (candelabrum)



Aleph (Hebrew letter "A")











POTPOURRI

Any imaginable object was fair game for becoming a canceller.





Tomahawks



Pitchfork





Screw head









Padlocks



Axe



Crossed arrows







Arrowheads



MASONICS

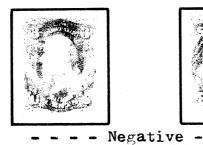
The many symbols of Masonry used as inspirations for cancels would indicate a number of postmasters were Masons.







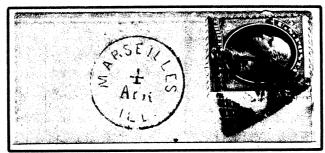














Seeing eye







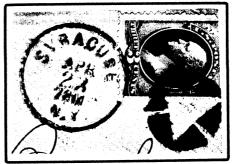
Keystone



Trowel



In keystone with crescent



Negative trowel



Each letter a secret code

MASONICS



Seeing eye



1101



Diamond in cogwheel



Gavel



Knight Templar (cross omitted)







Trowels



Crosses



In circle of geometrics



In a wreath



In a diamond



In keystones



FRATERNAL

Masons, however, were not the only group to attract members, as evidenced here, so other affiliations were duly honored.

Mummers







False teeth



Odd Fellows













Friendship links

KU KLUX KLAN

Immediately after the Civil War feelings were still sharply divided among many, and some postmasters shared these sentiments.



"K K K"



Sword and "K K"



"K K K", skull & crossbones



Klan hood



"K K K"



Fiery cross



"K K K" with skull & crossbones

A clerk in the Columbus, Ga., office fashioned this K. K. K. device and on April 7, 1875, cancelled letters that passed through his hands. The postmaster confiscated the device and discharged the clerk.

The best known most innovative group of cancels was carved from cork by John W. Hill, postmaster at Waterbury, Conn. Popularly referred to as "Waterburys", many were used only a few days before they broke and were discarded.



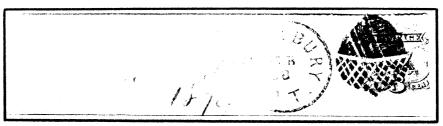
Buttonless shoe



Rosette, 8 segments



Chrysanthemum



Acorn



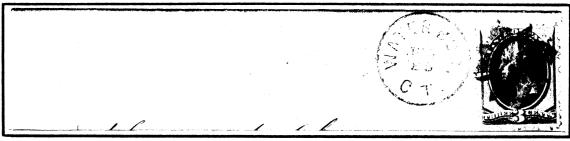
Woman in bonnet



Running chicken



Beer mug



Holly sprig



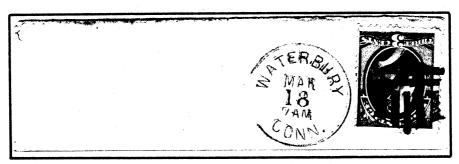
Man with hat



Five hearts around a star (earliest design by Hill)



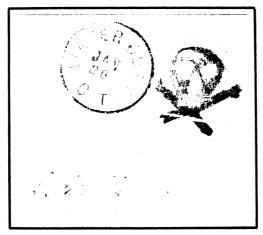
Pumpkin



Five bar shield



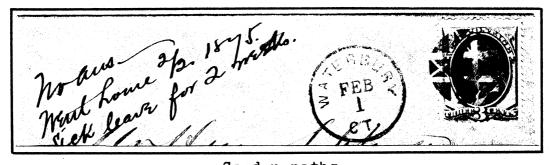
Beer barrel



Skull with crossbones



Baseball game



Garden paths



"W" for Waterbury (struck twice)



Fish



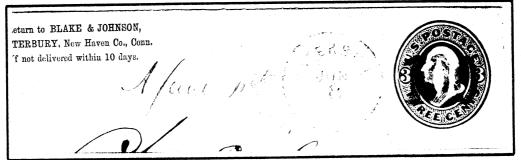
Man with derby



Bridgeport fireman



Man smoking pipe



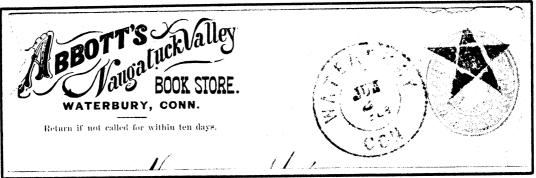
"100", Centennial cancel



Maple leaf



Mortar & pestle



5 point star



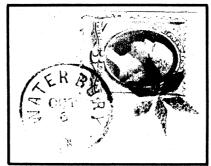
Large bee



Three leaf shamrocks



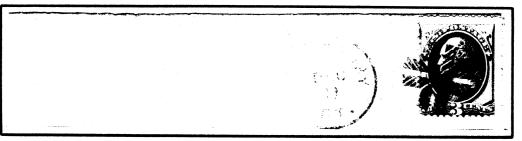
8 segments



Rosette, 6 segments



8 segments



Crossroads with diagonal white lines



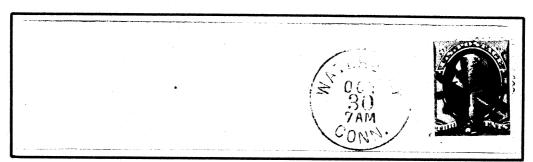
Nesting duck



Dog*s head



Man wearing a hat



Arrowheads and diamonds



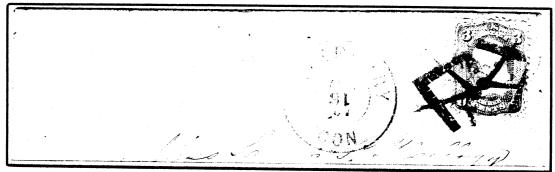
Heart with arrow pointing down to right



Stylized leaf



Heart with arrow pointing down to left



Masonic compass & T-square







Holly sprig (note December 24 date)



Crossroads, double segments



Zebra head



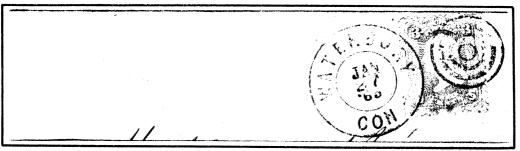
3 leaf shamrock



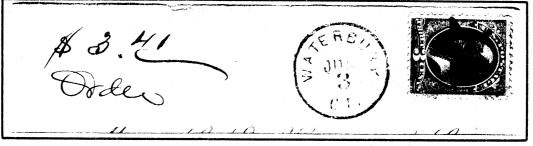
Elm leaf



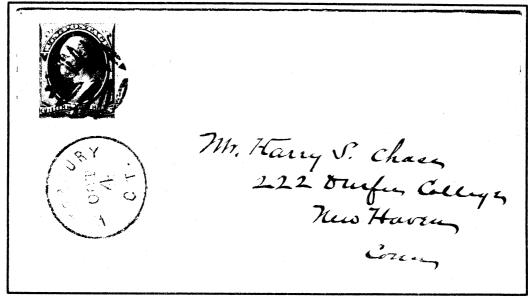
Outline star (not listed)



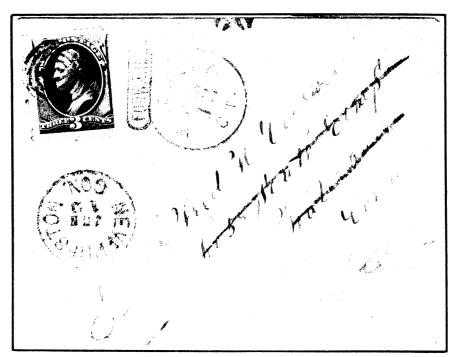
4 ring target (not listed)



Solid star (not listed)



Ten petal leaf



"FORWARDED"



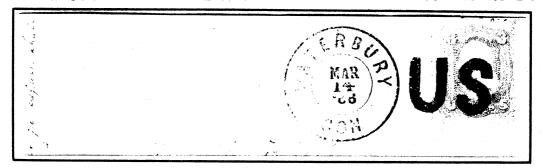
Padlock



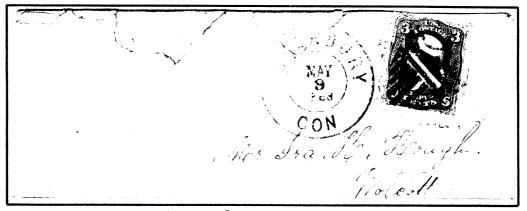
dagle & shield



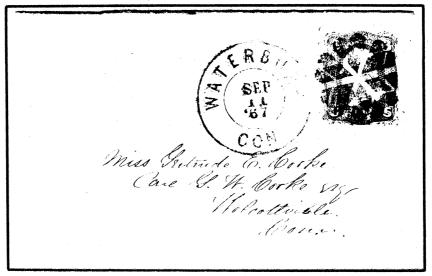
Double heart



"U S"



Shield, 8 bars, open top



Circle of hearts enclosing six-pointed rosette



Oval grill



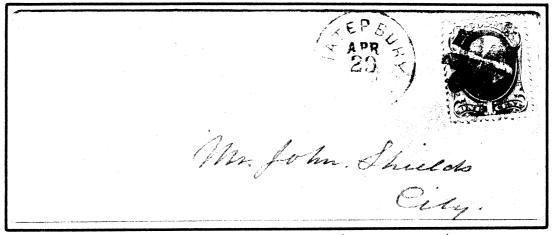
Leaf



Shield, 6 enclosed bars



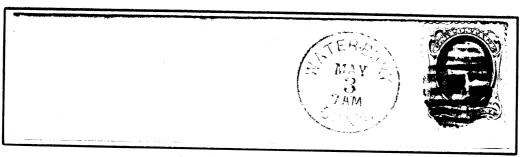
Negative "A" in octagon



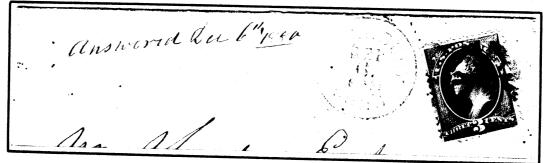
4 hearts pointing inward (local rate)



Eight segments enclosed in circle of 16 triangles



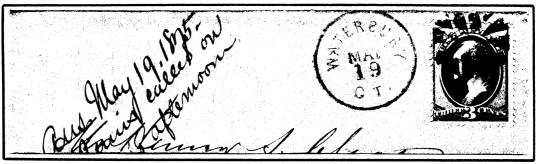
Oval grid, type I (a purchased canceller, not carved by Hill)



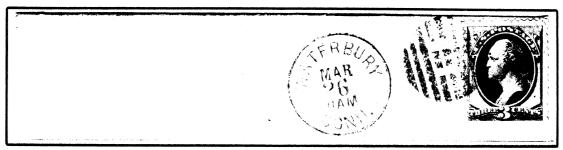
Four open triangles



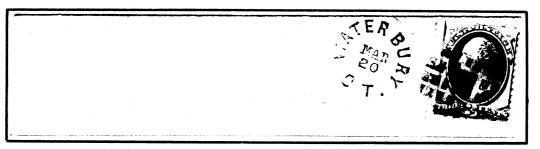
Rosette, 12 segments



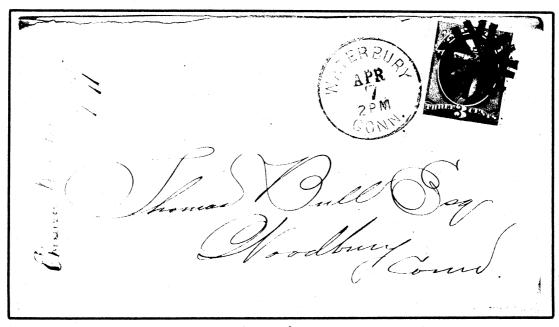
Circular grid, type 5



Circular grid, type 9

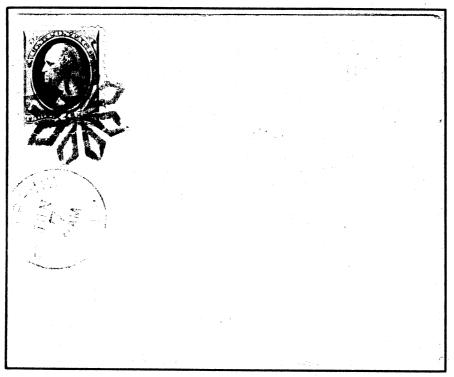


Oval grid, type 6

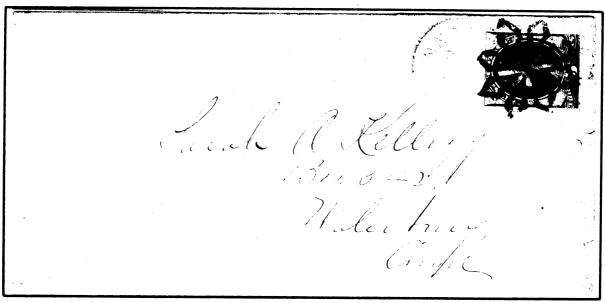


Arrowheads, eight segments

Rosette, 8 hollow segments



Outgoing



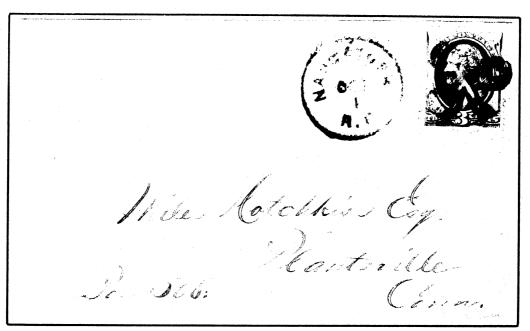
Incoming

Used at the receiving post office as a killer since "Annapolis" cancel did not adequately obliterate the stamp.

A "Copy Cat"



Waterbury 3 leaf shamrock



"NAUGATUCK R.R." with a 3 leaf shamrock

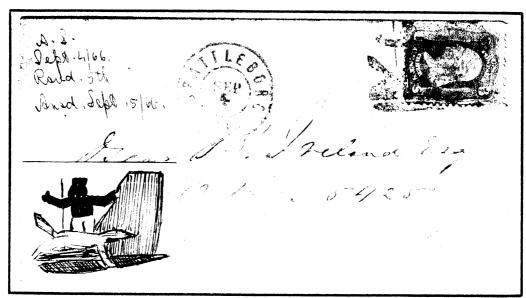
Shirting Col Jyy

(enclosure from above)

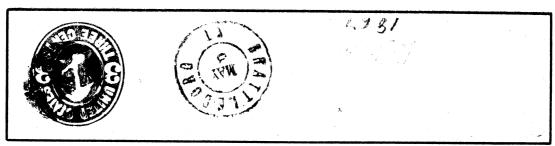
Date on letter indicates written in Waterbury. Postulation: letter mailed in special box at railroad station, cancelled on train by a Route Agent who had seen a similar type from Waterbury, so carved and used his own version.

The BRATTLEBORO CANCELLATIONS

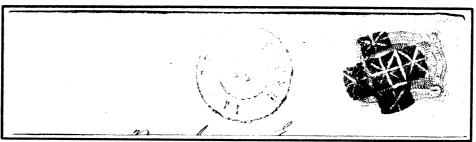
Though not as celebrated as cancels from Waterbury, Conn, some from Brattleboro, Vt, are well known and spectacular in their own right.



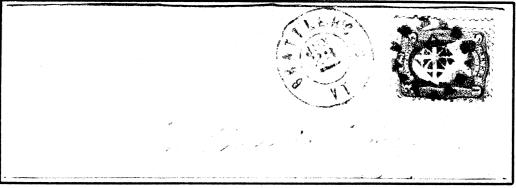
Man chasing fox from hen house



Masonic (negative compass & T-square)



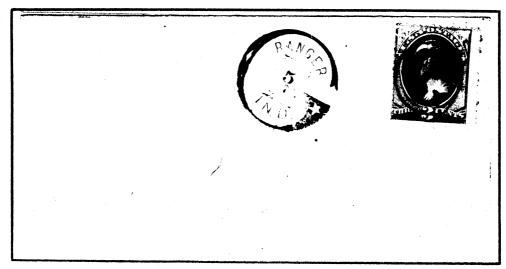
Fancy cross



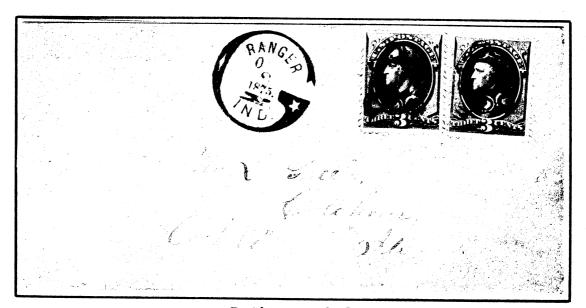
Ornate geometric

The GRANGER CANCELLATIONS

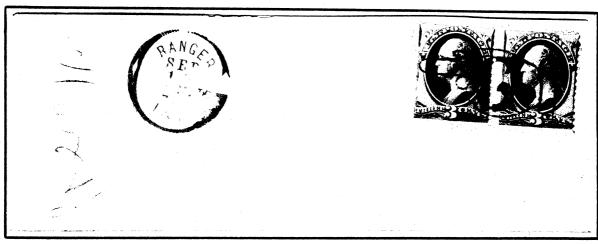
another imaginative postmaster did his thing in Granger, Indiana



Fancy "G" in circle



Indian symbols



Pointing hand with "G"

PARTY LOVERS

The "fun" people were remembered (even if the postmaster himself did not happen to be an imbiber - - - or maybe he was!).



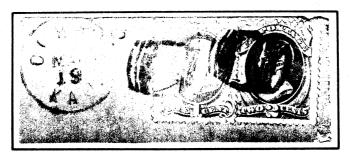
"GIN" barrel



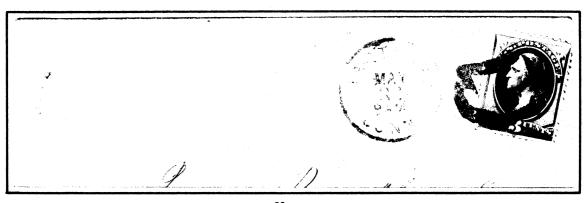
Beer mug



"GIN" barrel



Beer barrels



Mug



Bottle



Coffee pot



"RUM"

GAMES

To while away time checkers, cards, and chess were undoubtedly popular pastimes, consequently the customs were acknowledged.



Chessman





The 4 card suits



Hearts



Diamonds



Spades

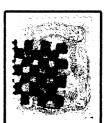


Clubs





Chess and checkerboards



- - - - while, for some, there was always horse shoes to play.





(double strike)



BODIES

While some postmasters and clerks concentrated on nature, as shown earlier, others gave their attention to the body, and its parts - - - -



Walking man



Tar baby



Gingerbread man



Gingerbread man



Dancing lady



HEADS

- - such as many versions of crania - -



Laughing man

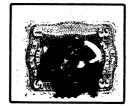


Woman's head



Washington bust





Woman's head Man with crooked nose Liberty head





Man in hat



Roman gladiator



Union soldier



Man in derby hat

HEADS



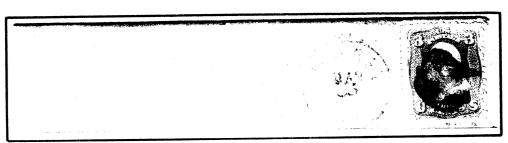
Neanderthal man



Queen Nefertitti



Comic face



Clown face



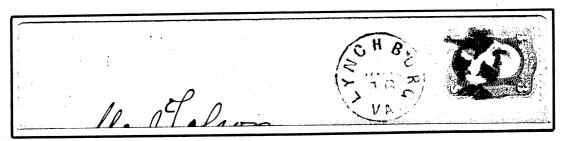
Liberty head



Framed bust



Comic head



Man in derby hat



Liberty head



Man with beard



Indian in headdress

HEADS

--- including, of course, mask and comic versions ----



















HANDS and FEET

- - - - while some may have been said to have had a fetish for the pedal extremities - - - -















CLOTHING

- - - for which there was footwear, and other apparel - - - -





Pair of lady's high button shoes



Bow tie (negative)



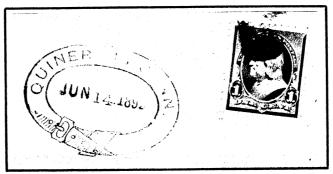
Bow tie



Bow knot



Top hat (negative)



Belt buckle



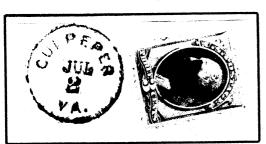
Mexican sombrero



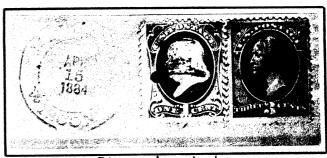


Mens high heel boots





Coachman's hat

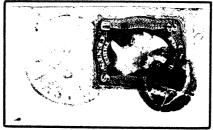


Stovepipe hats

HEARTS

- - - to protect the body which did need to have a heart.







Heart-within-a-heart





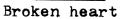






Solid, double, outlined, and framed







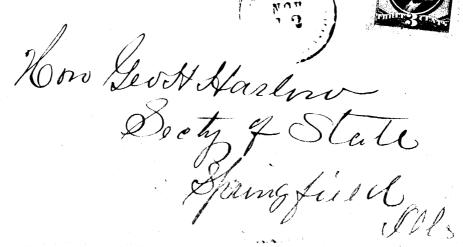






Bleeding heart

J. H. B. RENFRO,
COUNTY CLERK,
ELIZABETHTOWN, - ILLINOIS.



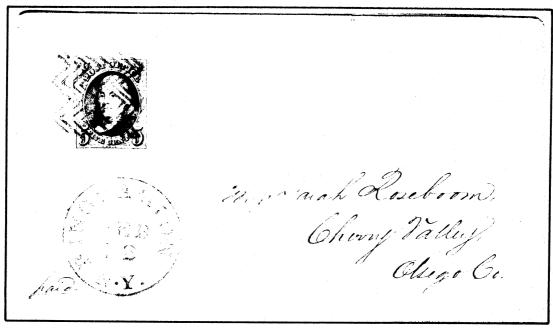
Bleeding heart

UNUSUAL

These are two well known, not often seen, cancels on the first regular issue, forerunners of what later came to be referred to among the more unusual markings as "Fancy Cancels".



Scarab St. Johnsbury, Vt.



Herringbone Binghamton, N.Y.

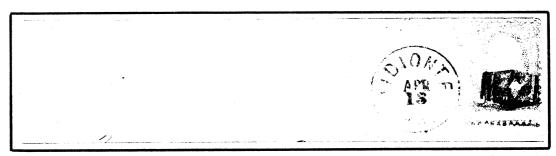
UNUSUAL



Eye, "CURE", "U" ("I CURE YOU")

and "TRADEMARK" in left arm of "U".

Precancel used for multiple mailings by
a pharmaceutical firm in Harshaville, Pa.
makers of Armstrong's Diptheria & Quinsy Drops.



Oil barrel



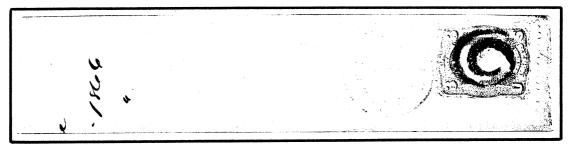
"LEAP YEAR, 1876"



Pool table



Broken heart



Spiral



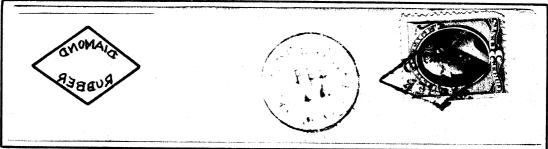
Tortoise's shell



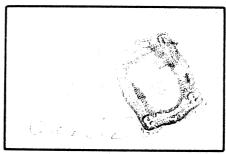
Rock of Ages



"3 C"(ents)



Postmaster at McIndoes Falls, Vt., removed a trademark plaque from sole of a Diamond Rubber Co. boot, attached to canceler, and used as a "killer", this impression is in reverse image.



Believed to be bust of General John Charles Fremont





Monogram of postmaster C. L. Fritz

"C" is outside border

"L" is to right of "R"

"F" is inside the "R"

"R" is easily seen

"I" runs top to bottom, breaks "Z"

"T" uses vertical "I", has cross at top

"Z" shows clearly



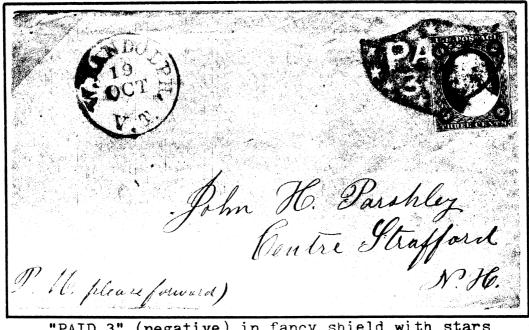
Bald head man



Man with beard



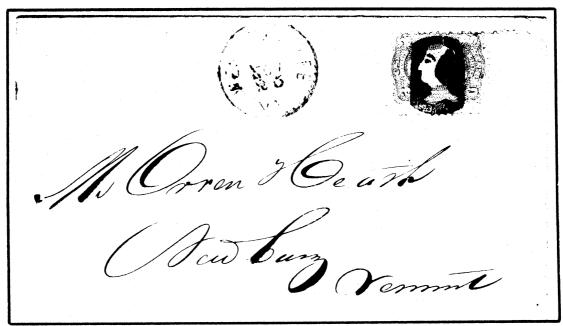
Skull



"PAID 3" (negative) in fancy shield with stars (possibly unique)



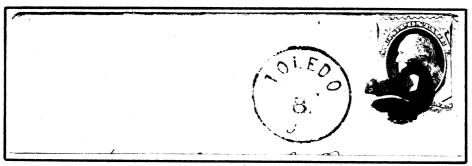
"USED & DONE FOR" (reportedly only 6-8 known)



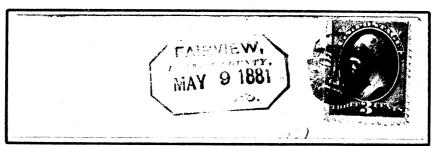
Negative head and face



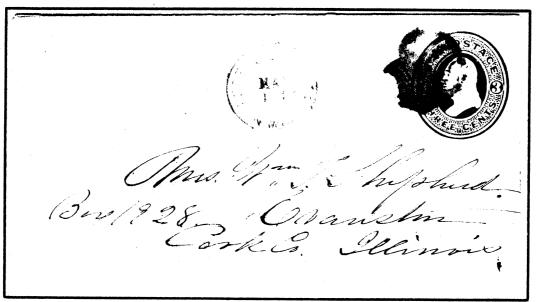
Padlock, with "U S MAIL"



Head (human?) (animal?)



Man's face, full front view



Man's profile





Grid of red dots



Two snakes interlaced ("C S" for Confederate States?)



This crude drawing of a fish, a Christian symbol of the early centuries (1-50 or 100 A.D.), was used as a password or to indicate places where believers could meet and worship.



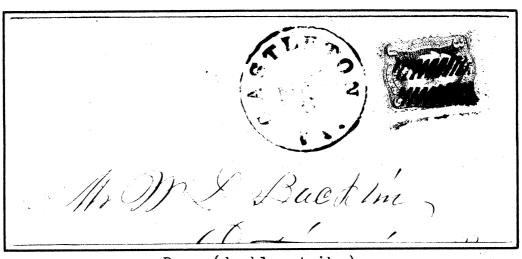


Fraternal design



Pentagon and decahedron (figure with 10 plane surfaces)

"GLEN" (in reverse) Signet ring canceller of EMK Glen, P.M., Macedon, N.Y.



Rope (double strike)



"SL00"

(not S00 Line Railroad)
Postal clerk's name in Cairo, Ill, during 1877-79 period



Hearts (double strikes)



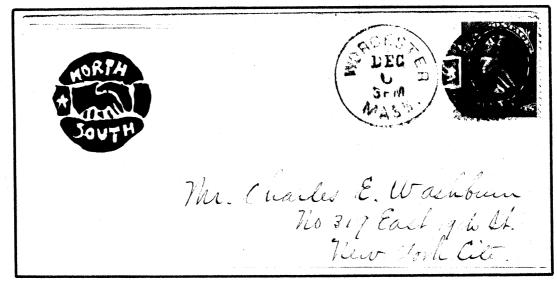
Sometimes called "The Persian Rug"



Three leaf clover duplex, double strikes



Ornamental mortised handstamp
Metal arabesque type marker, from commercial source, used primarily during stampless period, so this is fairly late usage.
Originally used to personalize linens, clothing, books, etc., a set screw held the desired marking in place.



North and South snaking hands



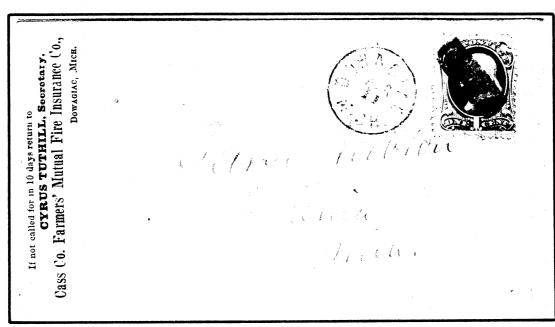
Eagle & shield



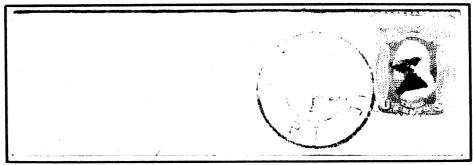
Locomotive and tender (cancel partially reproduced)



Eagle's claw



Possible "Log" cancel from Michigan lumbering country

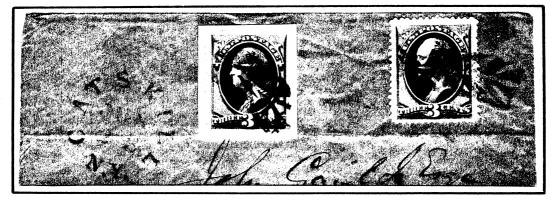


Anvil

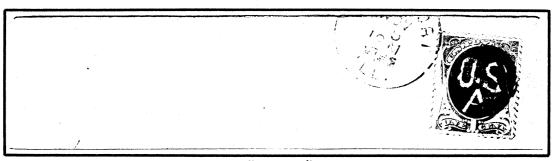




"U S A" and (Abe) "LINCOLM" in field of stars (both by same carver at Albany, N.Y., post office)



Feathered arrow



"U S A"



"P 0" in box



Man in moon



Stylized butterfly





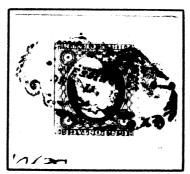
Mortar and pestle



"h@ful" cancel



Statue



Eagle and arrows "Kingsessing, Pa."



Sprocket, stars in circle



Shield in septagon



"3 cts" included in cancel



Mail bouch



Lyres, large & small



Fleur de lis



Sun face



Apple



Heart in 6 point star



"SHOO FLY"



"UNION" (patriotic)



Schoolmarm



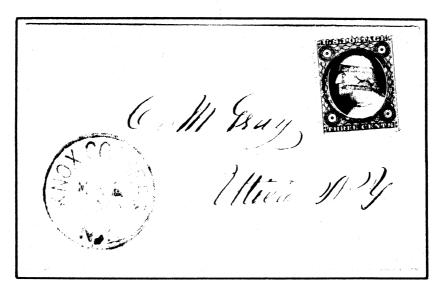
U S soldier in full equipment

The III cent coin was current at the time.









UNUŞUAL



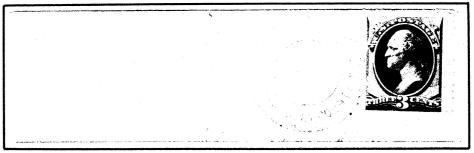


(heart shape)



(double strike) (segmented)





Bi-color grid plus city, date, county, state stamp



(reverse image)



Star in a star in a shield

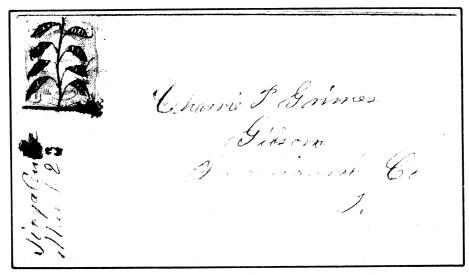


in a shield

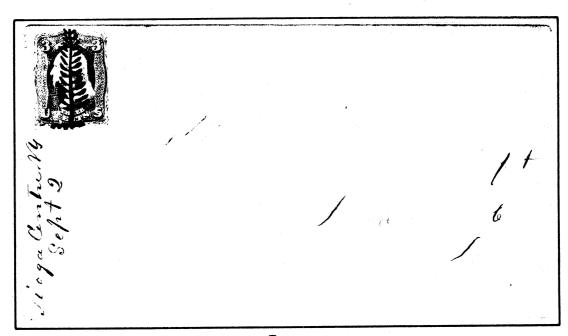


"M" in axe head

In the mid-1860's, Tioga Centre, N.Y., was obviously a tiny community, the outgoing mail volume so small its postmaster had ample time to hand draw his cancels.



Plant



Tree



Crescent and globe



Sailing ship



Crescent and star

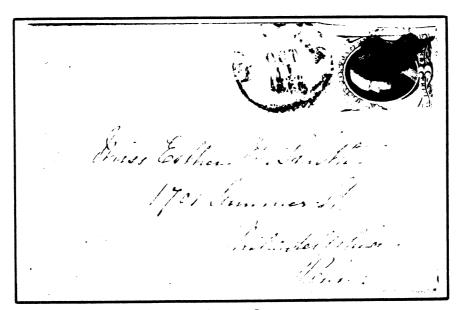


date in nottin
(uncommon on nime value)



Triangle (struck twice) (Dead Letter Office use)

"34" in star (34th Mass. Volunteers)



Boxing glove



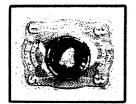
Rocking chair



Sunbursts



Cowboy on bucking bronco



"HAIL COLUMBIA"

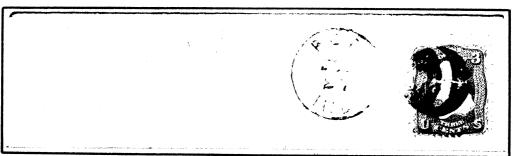


Thimble



Devil with pitchfork





Bow and arrow (negative)



Man-in-the-moon with star



Blacksmith



Thistle in circle



Gladiator with sword and shield upraised



Irish harp (green)



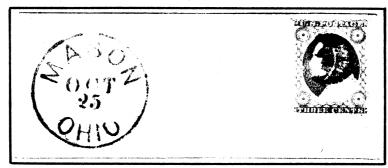
Witch (Salem, Mass.)



City street map

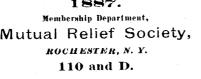


Rocking horse



Man in the moon







Skull and crossbones



Pipe (negative)

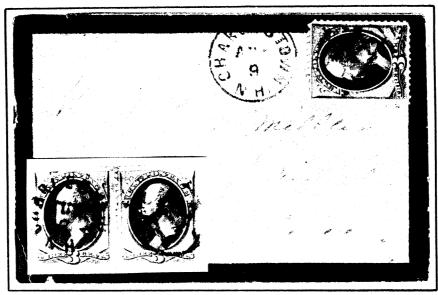
Rower in boat



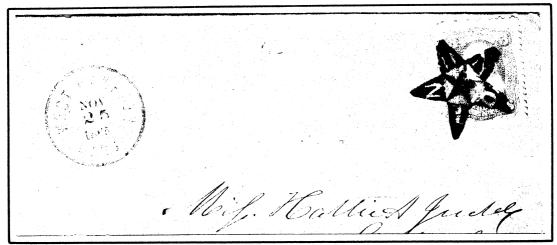
Cannon



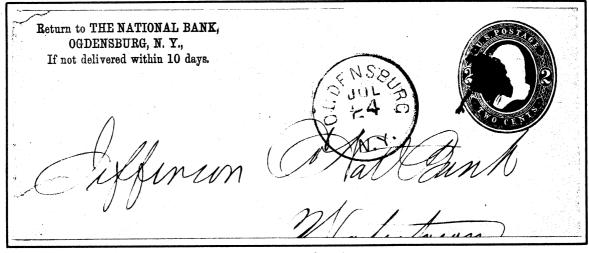
Stylized eagle/shield



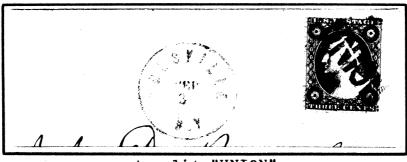
Masonic compass & square in circle (Post office at Charlestown, N.m., used both red & blue inks)



Star-in-pentagon-in-star with "UNION" around



Feather duster



A split "UNION"



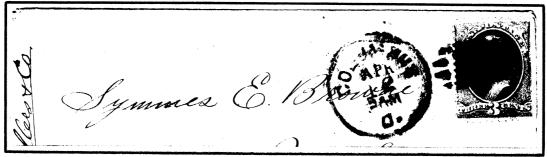
Labyrinth



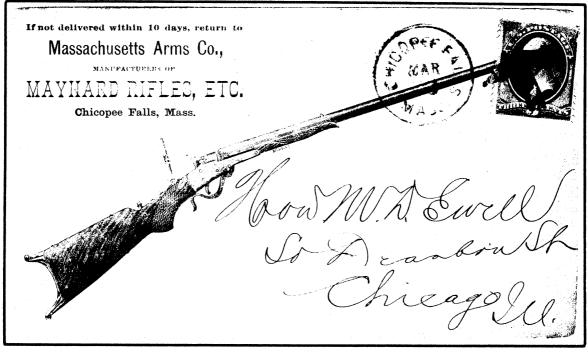
Honeycomb



Horse collar



Bear's paw



Hammer



Aladdin's lamp



Man with beard



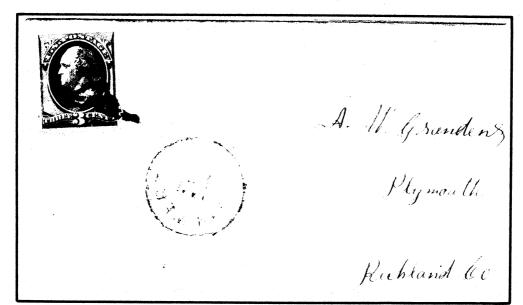
"TME"



Time flies (?)



"TIME"



Union soldier's cap



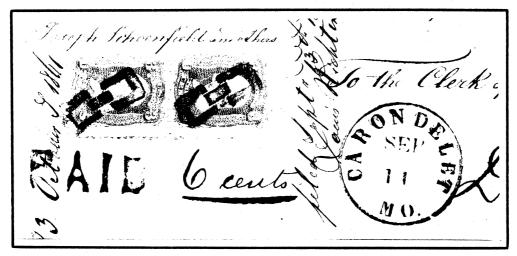
Liberty Bell



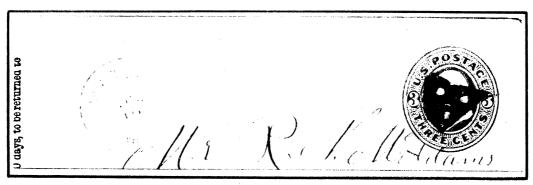
Boxed "S" (in reverse)



Liberty Bell



Chair links



Triangular mask



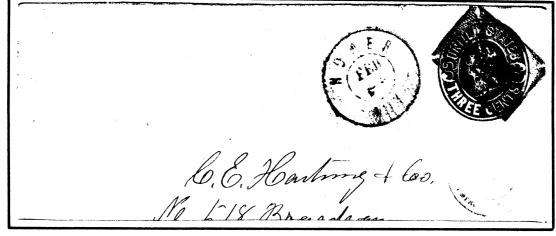
Top hat



3 dimensional box



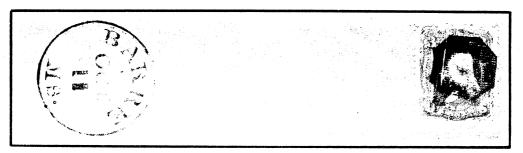
Hearts with arrow



Picture frame



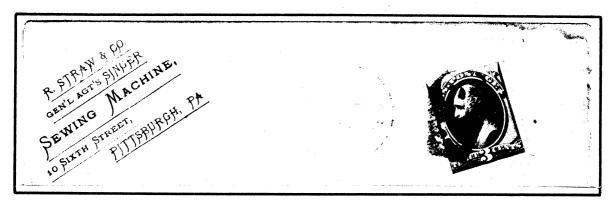
"My heart" (Meinhart, Asst. P.M.)



Octagon |



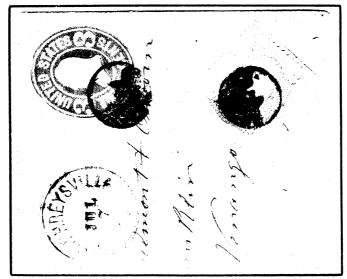
Haines Falls, N.Y., advertises the Catskill Mountains



Skull & crossbones in casket



"CAL" cancel indicates California, likely San Francisco. Probably one Oriental to another, a return address since same on the cover may have been in English and not understood by recipient.



Man in the moon (metamorphic: 2 faces, one commutative, other positive)







Eagles with shields



"3" (woodcut)



Clasped hands holding cross



"7" over "12" Quaker date stamp



Charter Oak Hartford, Conn.



Indians in head dress



"XIII"
Roman numeral



Scare crow with "P 0"



Man's head



"MALTA MAIL" (negative)



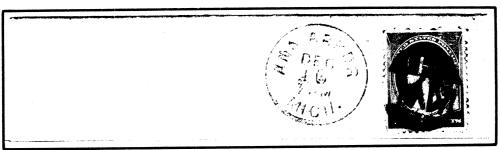
Pumpkin



Engagement ring



Pipe



"I AM H N" (Harry Nickels, postal clerk)



"USED"



Shield, with crossed cannons



Ladder



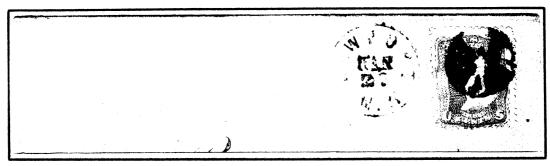
Probably a Swedish receiving mark on a letter from the U.S., with additional franking to pay full rate. Stamp not cancelled, so an observant clerk did his duty.

SPRING INSECTS

So-called because they "May Bee" as described or may not be - - a strong imagination helps:



Dinosaur



Winged flyer



Sea horse



Gingerbread man



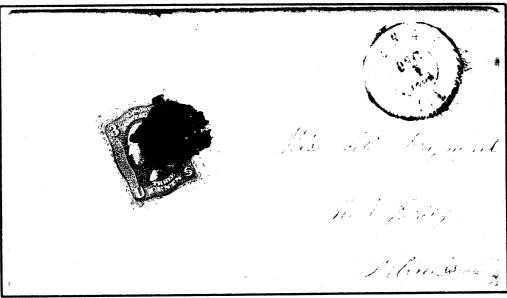
Crab



Sea gull



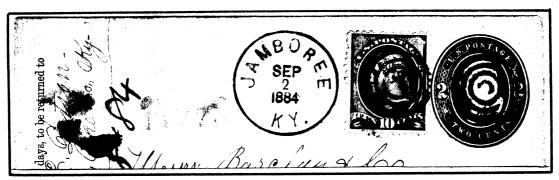
Polar bear



Log cabin with chimney (from Lincoln country: Henry, Ill.)

UNUSUAL PLACE NAMES

Not all post offices were burdened with common every day names.



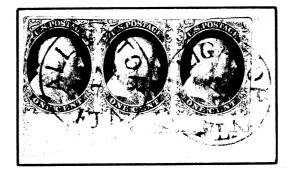
JAMBOREE, KY.



RATTLESNAKE, CAL.



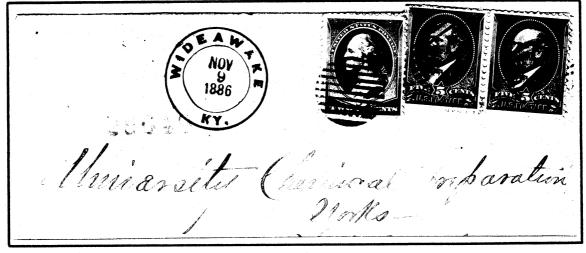
RASHER IRON WORKS, N.Y.



ALLIGATOR, FLA.

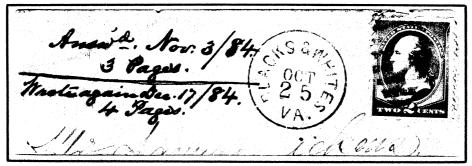


LOVELOCKS, NEVADA

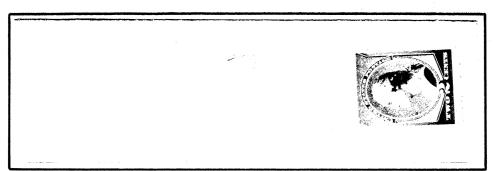


WIDE AWAKE, KY.

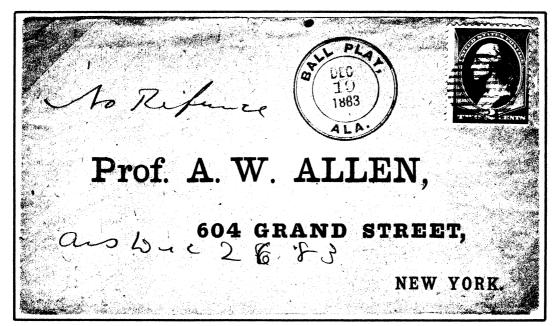
UNUSUAL PLACE NAMES



BLACKS & WHITES, VA.



YOU BET, CAL.



BALL PLAY, ALA.

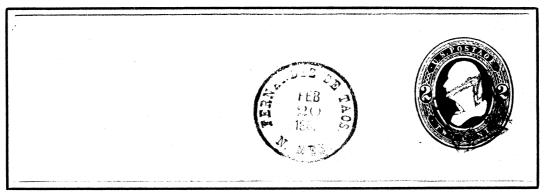


SETZLERS STORE, PA.



TOTAL WRECK, ARIZONA

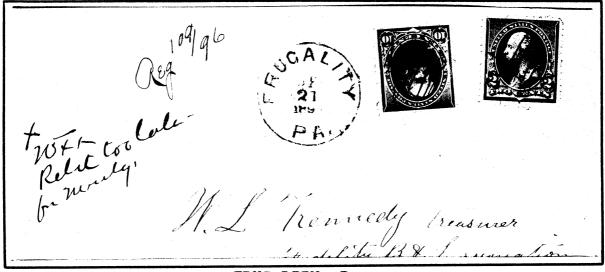
UNUSUAL PLACE NAMES



FERNANDEZ DE TAOS, N. MEX. (Territorial, joined Union Jan. 6, 1912)



YANKEE JIMS, CAL.



FRUGALITY. PA.

FAKE CANCELS

Unusual cancels command premium prices, which beckons the faker. These stamps are genuine, cancels no good.



Waterbury, Conn.



Running chicken

"A.J.", skull & crossbones Andrew Johnson's tombstone

Clown



Waterbury, Conn. "Clones"



Irishman

Purported to be from Waterbury, Conn., but known as "copy cat"cancels as neither has ever been reported from there.

FLORIDA HORTICULTURAL CO.,

CUTLER, DADE CO., FLORIDA.

Bare Fruits Palms, Ornamental Plants and Trees

MARTIN BENSON, Manager.





Liberty head



Indian in head dress



Man in derby



Devil with pitchfork



Cow's head



Running pig



Skull and crossbones



Cow



Fish

FAKES & FORGERIES



Purple target
(type not used until
many years later)



Red grid
(Jean de Sperati's only forgery
of a U.S. regular issue)



Starburst



Comic face



Shield



Sprocket



Cardboard proof thinned down & perforated; starburst cancel also fake



"U.S. MAIL"



Whale (?)



Star of David



Shield



Fake precancel ("G" for Glastonsbury, Conn)



Three leaf clover